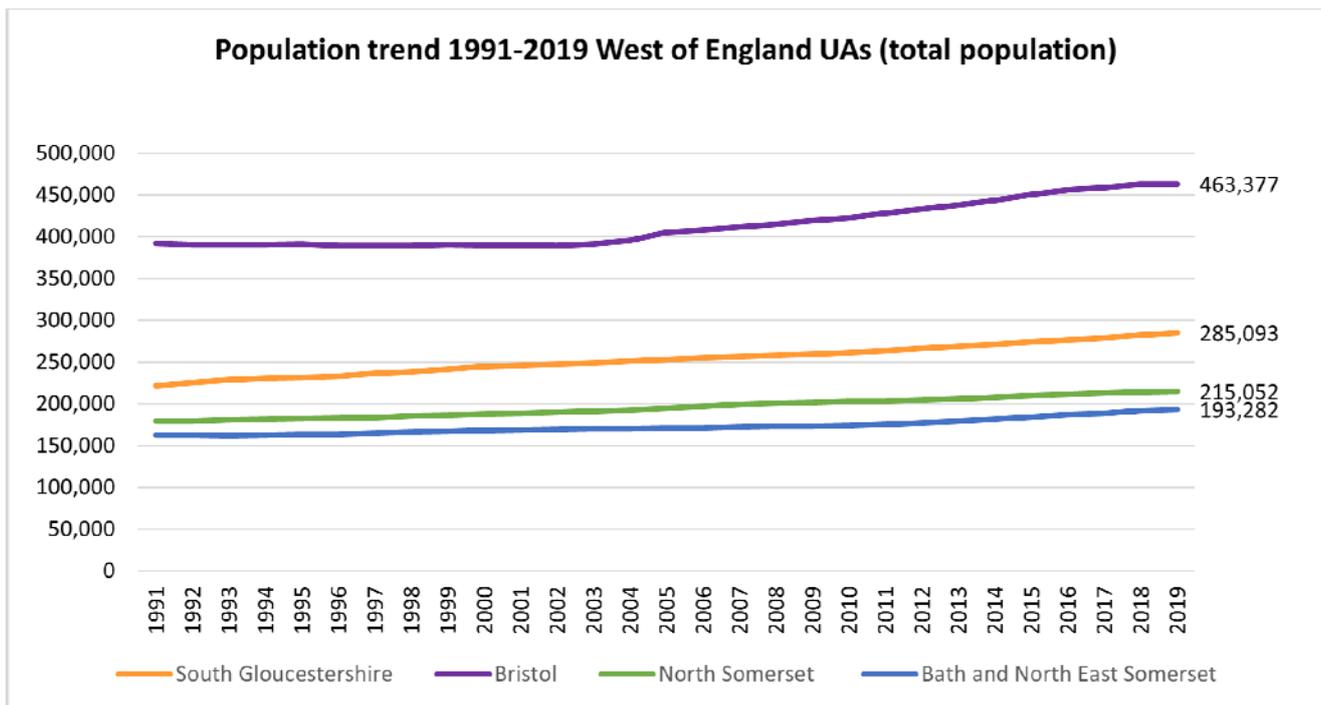


Key Findings:

- South Gloucestershire’s mid-year population estimate for 2019 is 285,093, an increase of 2,449 (0.9%) on the 2018 estimate.
- Population change can be attributed to both natural change (i.e. births minus deaths) of 999 people and net migration and ‘other changes’ of 1,450 people.
- Net internal migration (migration from elsewhere in the UK) was the largest component of population change last year in South Gloucestershire last year.

The Office for National Statistics (ONS) has published the mid-2019 population estimates. The Mid-year Population Estimates are published for all local authorities and updated annually. They are the Government’s official population estimates and are used locally by the council and its partners for a wide range of purposes. Persons included in these estimates are those people usually resident in the district including students and school boarders at their term time address and long-term international migrants (i.e. those intending to come to the UK for more than a year). The estimates do not include short terms migrants i.e. people who intend to come to, or leave, the UK within a year.

The population of South Gloucestershire for mid-2019 is estimated to be **285,093**; an increase of 2,449 (0.9%) on the mid-2018 estimate (282,644). The population increase can be attributed to both natural change (i.e. births minus deaths) of 999 people and ‘net migration and other changes’ of 1,450 people.



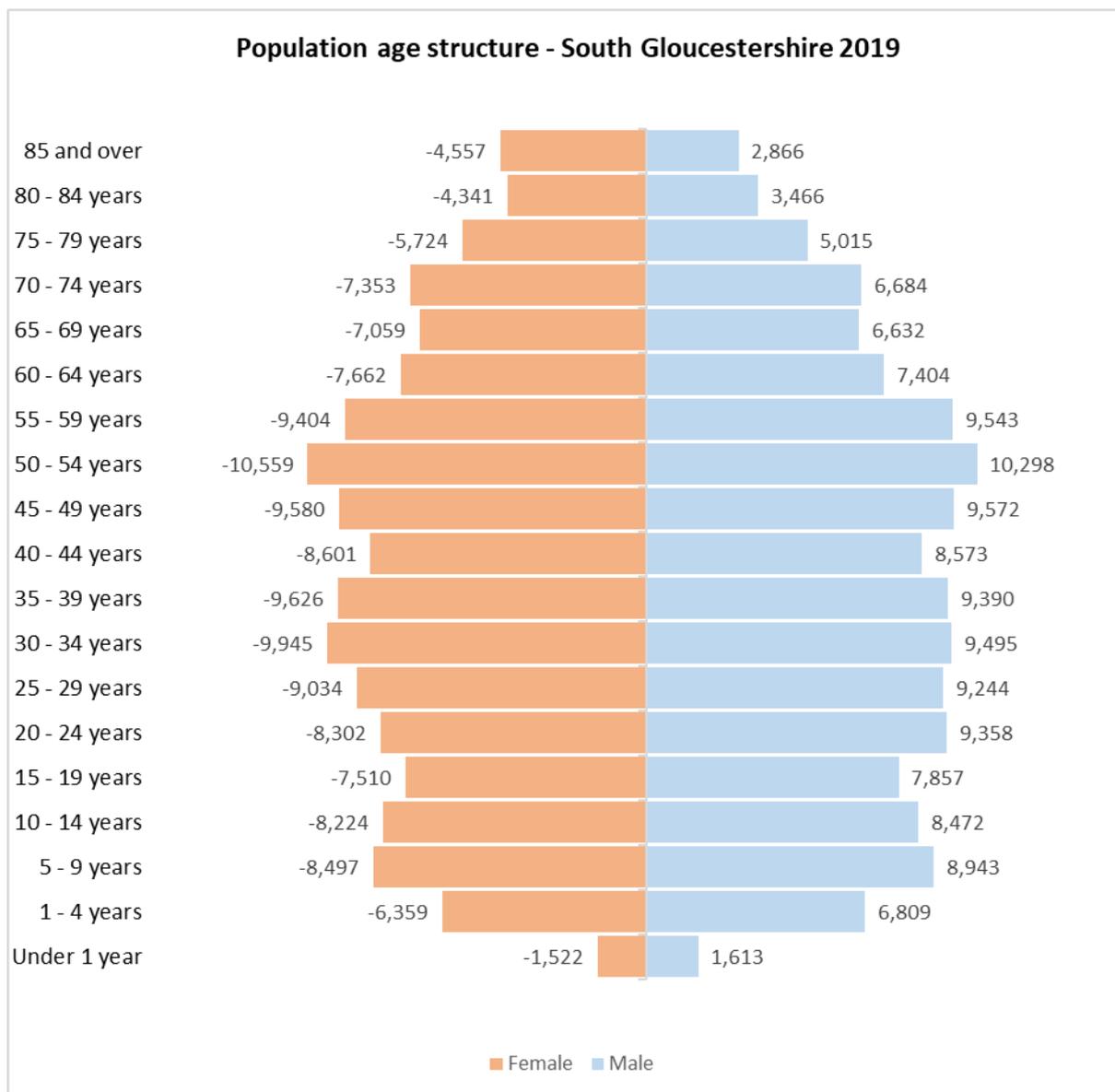
Source: Population Estimates Unit, ONS: Crown Copyright 2019

Across the West of England sub-region, last year South Gloucestershire was the local authority which experienced the highest rate of population growth (0.9%) whilst Bristol was the only area to experience a decrease (0.1%).

Estimated Resident Population change 2018-2019 for authorities in the West of England					
	Bath & NE Somerset	Bristol	North Somerset	South Gloucestershire	West of England
2019 MYE	193,282	463,377	215,052	285,093	1,156,804
Change 2018-19	1,176	28	1,133	2,449	4,730
% Change 2018-19	0.6%	-0.1%	0.5%	0.9%	0.4%

Source: Population Estimates Unit, ONS: Crown Copyright 2019

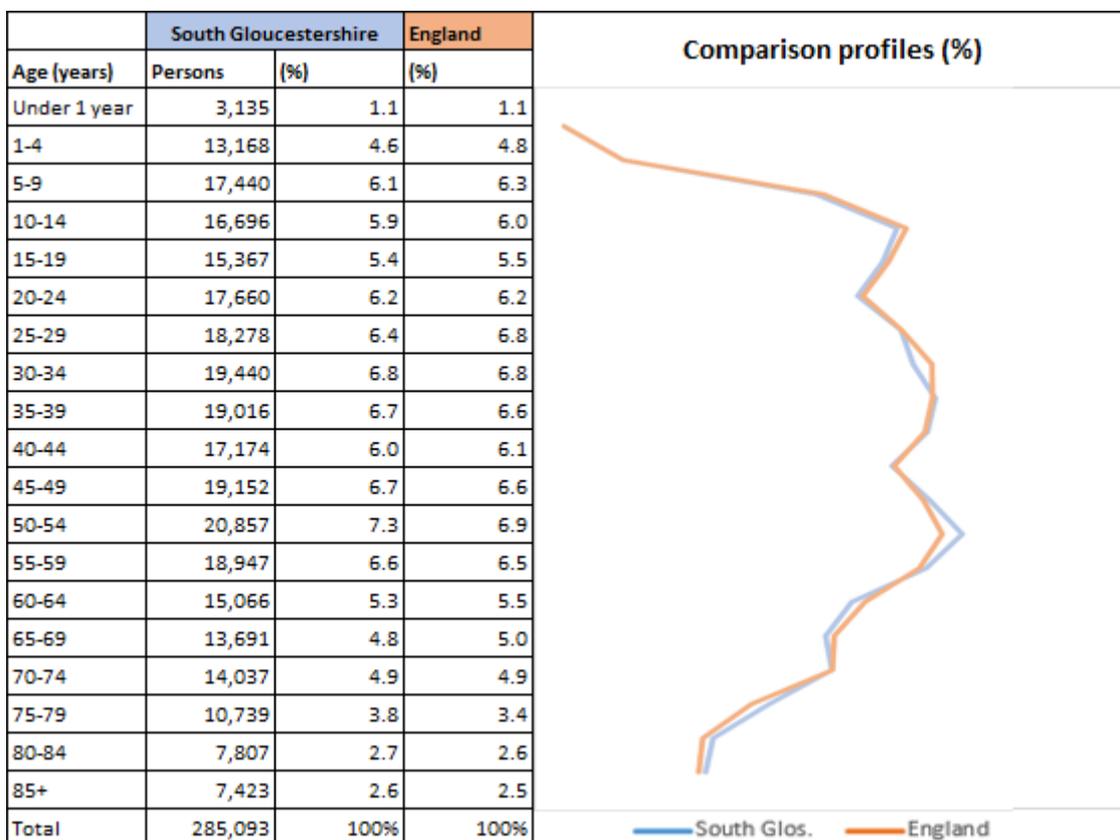
Population Structure



Source: 2019 Mid-year population estimates. Population Estimates Unit, ONS: Crown Copyright 2019. Totals may not sum due to rounding.

According to the latest estimates, in South Gloucestershire 49.5% of the population are male and 50.5% are female. The broad age structure is largely consistent with the national (England) average, however compared to the national average, South Gloucestershire has:

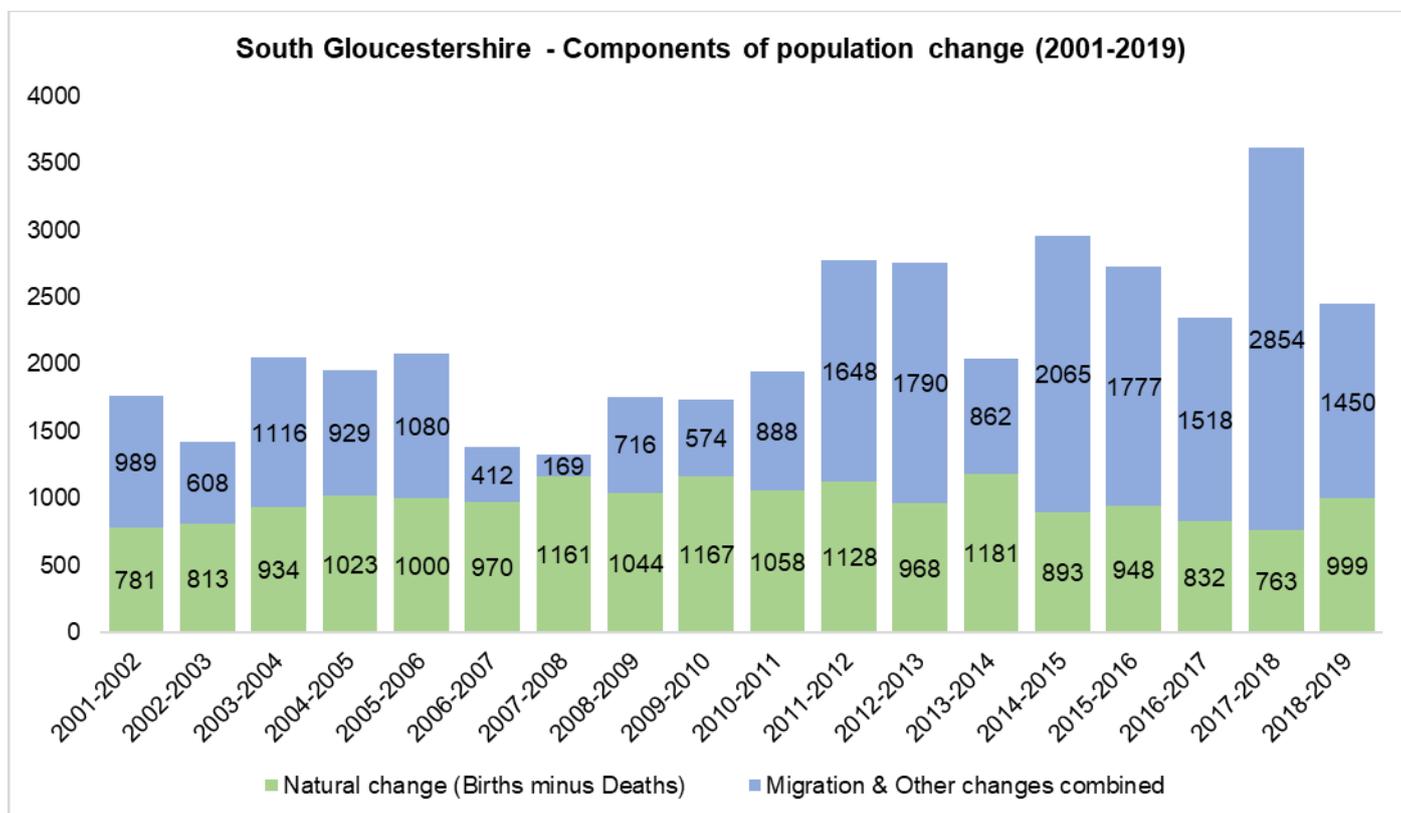
- A lower proportion of the population in the 25-29 age group (0.4% below the national average)
- A higher proportion of the population in the 50-54 (0.4% above the national average).



Source: 2019 Mid-year population estimates. Population Estimates Unit, ONS: Crown Copyright 2019. Totals may not sum due to rounding.

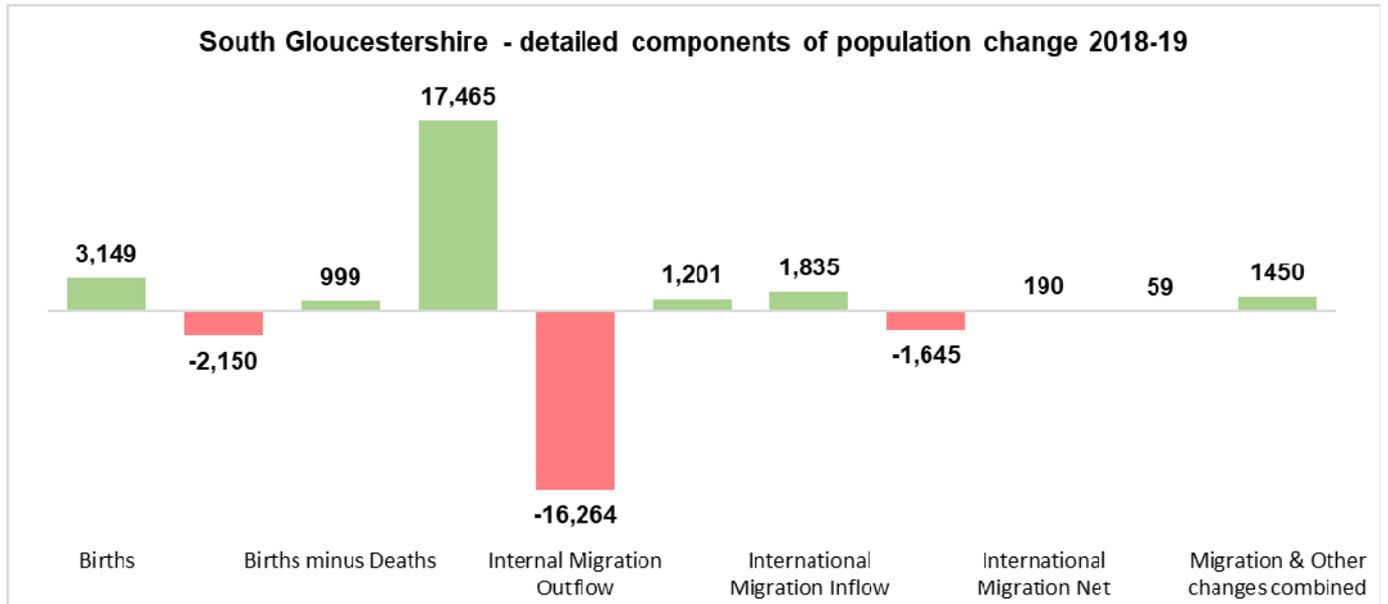
Components of population change

In South Gloucestershire, the population increase over the last year can be attributed to both ‘natural change’ (i.e. births minus deaths) of 999 people and ‘net migration and other changes’ of 1,450 people. The number of people migrating into South Gloucestershire in 2018/19 is estimated to be lower than previous years.

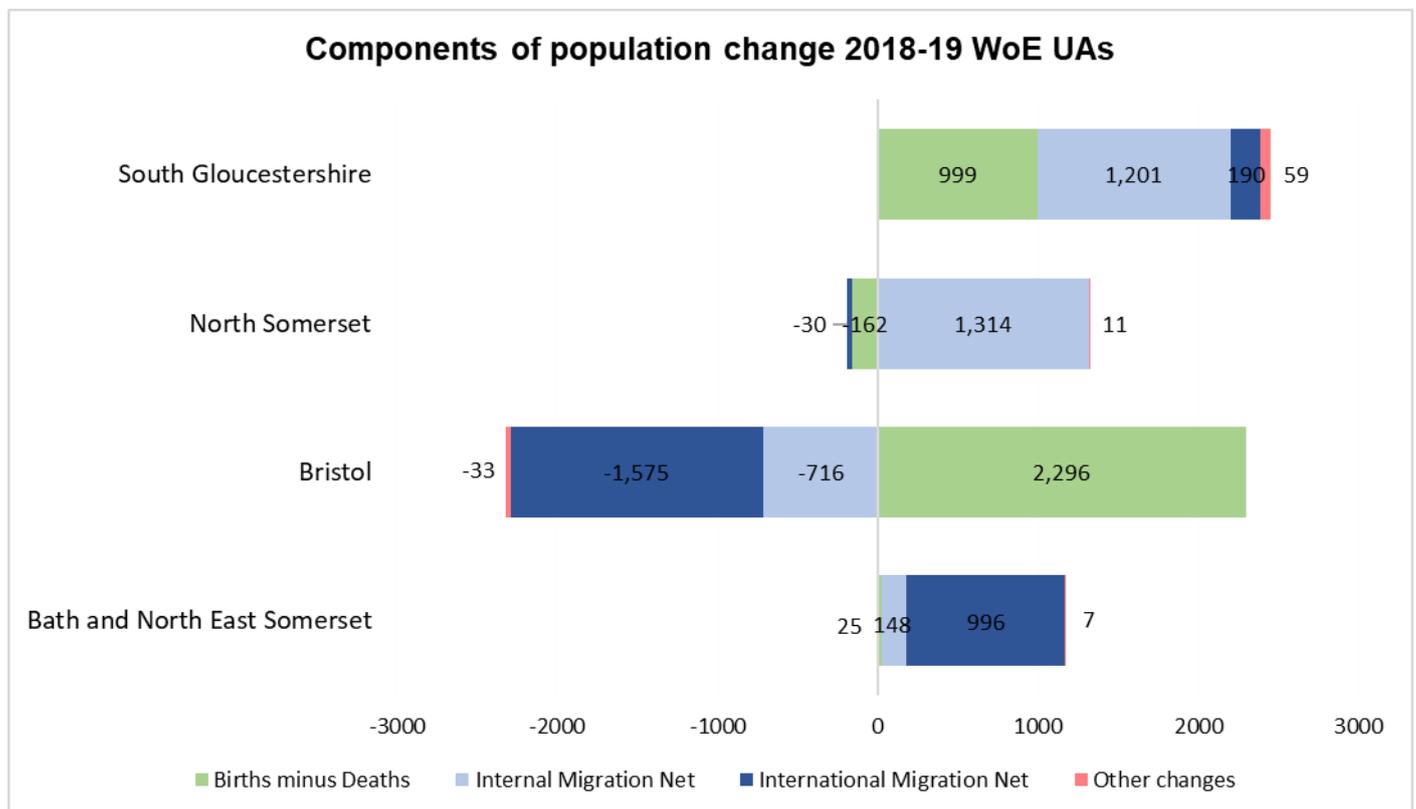


Source: Mid-year population estimates 2019. Population Estimates Unit, ONS: Crown Copyright 2019.

A more detailed analysis of the components of population change illustrates the high flows of people moving into and out of South Gloucestershire from other areas of the UK (i.e. internal 'in' and 'out' migration). In 2018-19 it is estimated that 17,465 people moved into South Gloucestershire from elsewhere in the UK and 16,264 people moved out of South Gloucestershire to elsewhere in the UK – resulting in a net increase of 1,201 people. Population changes through international migration are less dramatic, it is however worth noting that in 2018-19 South Gloucestershire experienced a net increase of 190 people through international migration.



The drivers of population change are different across the West of England sub-region. Natural change was the largest component of population change in Bristol (+2,296), whereas it had a negative impact in North Somerset (-162). Internal migration was the main component of population change in both North Somerset and South Gloucestershire but for BANES the main component of change was international migration.



Source and destination of internal migrants

As part of this release, ONS have published (rounded) data relating to the 'origin and destination' of internal migration between local authority areas¹.

- Moves into South Gloucestershire:** Between June 2018 and June 2019, approx. 17,500 people moved to South Gloucestershire from elsewhere in the UK. Of these approx. 6,700 (38.3%) moved from Bristol, 3.8% from BANES and 2.9% from North Somerset. The table below shows the top 10 destinations people moved to South Gloucestershire from:

Into South Gloucestershire from... (Top 10)		
Destination	No. of people	% of total internal migration inflow
Bristol, City of	6,707	38.3
Bath and North East Somerset	669	3.8
North Somerset	511	2.9
Wiltshire	415	2.4
Stroud	341	1.9
Cardiff	309	1.8
Cornwall	280	1.6
Plymouth	266	1.5
Swindon	170	1.0
Gloucester	147	0.8

- Moves from South Gloucestershire:** Between June 2018 and June 2019, approx. 16,300 people moved from South Gloucestershire to elsewhere in the UK. Of these approx. 4,800 people (29.5%) moved to Bristol, 5.7% moved to Bath & North East Somerset and 4.7% to North Somerset. The table below shows the top 10 destinations people moved to from South Gloucestershire:

Out of South Gloucestershire from... (Top 10)		
Destination	No. of people	% of total internal migration inflow
Bristol, City of	4,814	29.5
Bath and North East Somerset	927	5.7
North Somerset	767	4.7
Stroud	672	4.1
Wiltshire	562	3.4
Newport	358	2.2
Cardiff	306	1.9
Monmouthshire	294	1.8
Cornwall	258	1.6
Gloucester	189	1.2

Further information

For further information about these population estimates and for data at sub-district level contact the Corporate Research and Consultation Team - 01454 863990, or email research@southglos.gov.uk

¹ Due to rounding, figures do not exactly match the internal migration inflow / outflow data shown elsewhere in this report.