Census 2021: Ward Profile Yate North

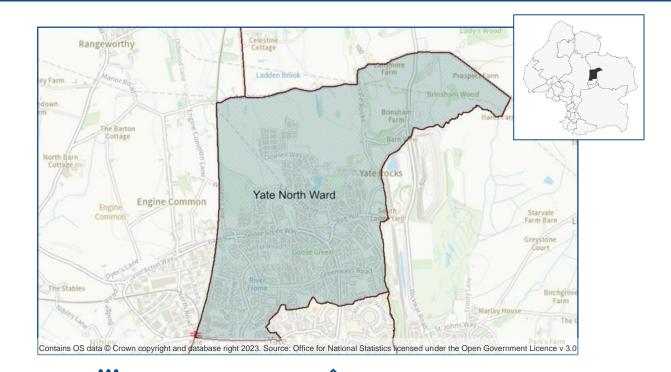
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Population: 12,346 The Households: 5,105

- 99.1% of residents (12,240) of live in a household; 0.9% (108) live in a communal establishment.
- 18% of residents are aged 65 or over compared to 18.7% for the whole of South Gloucestershire.
- 95.1% of usual residents in Yate North identify their ethnic group within the high-level "White" category. 5% are from a black, Asian, mixed or other ethnic group, compared to 8.8% for the whole of South Gloucestershire.
- There are 1,999 residents (16.2%) who are disabled under the Equalities Act. This compares to 16.3% for the whole of South Gloucestershire.
 - 4.2% (432) previously served in the UK Armed Forces (including in reserved UK armed forces).

	•	 There are 1,294 one-person households (25.4%). 10.4% of one-person households are residents aged 66 years and over. 70.2% (3,583) are single family households. 45.9% of households (2,338) are deprived in one or more dimensions, compared to 46% for South Gloucestershire. 41% (2,093) households are owned with a mortgage, loan or shared ownership. 13.1% are privately rented and 10.1% are social rented accommodation. 35.9% (1,831) are owned outright. 10.5% of households do not have a car or van compared to the South Gloucestershire wide figure of 12.3%.
2	•	66.8% (6,769) of residents aged 16 years and over were economically active in the week leading up to Census 2021. 2.2% were unemployed. 33.1% (3,354) were economically inactive, including 22.3% who were retired.
	•	27.8% of residents aged 16 and over have a degree level qualification or higher (Level 4). 14.4% stated

they have no qualifications.
514 residents aged 16 and over (5.1%) classified as full-time students (NS-SEC).

1. Demography and Migration

T1. Sex

	Yate North	%	South Glos.	%	England & Wales	%
Total usual resident population	12,346	100.0	290,424	100.0	59,597,542	100.0
Male	6,269	50.8	143,769	49.5	29,177,340	49.0
Female	6,077	49.2	146,655	50.5	30,420,202	51.0

Source: ONS - 2021 Census (TS008)1

T2. Age

	Yate North	%	South Glos.	%	England & Wales	%
Total usual resident population	12,347	100.0	290,423	100.0	59,597,546	100.0
Aged 4 years and under	731	5.9	16,119	5.6	3,232,036	5.4
Aged 5 to 9 years	702	5.7	17,128	5.9	3,524,627	5.9
Aged 10 to 15 years	792	6.4	19,812	6.8	4,274,508	7.2
Aged 16 to 19 years	548	4.4	13,115	4.5	2,716,186	4.6
Aged 20 to 24 years	728	5.9	18,098	6.2	3,602,128	6.0
Aged 25 to 34 years	1,841	14.9	39,885	13.7	8,050,540	13.5
Aged 35 to 49 years	2,235	18.1	55,813	19.2	11,526,095	19.3
Aged 50 to 64 years	2,544	20.6	56,261	19.4	11,608,079	19.5
Aged 65 to 74 years	1,203	9.7	27,565	9.5	5,923,121	9.9
Aged 75 to 84 years	761	6.2	19,089	6.6	3,685,348	6.2
Aged 85 years and over	262	2.1	7,538	2.6	1,454,878	2.4

Source: ONS - 2021 Census (TS007)²

T3. Residence type

	Yate North	%	South Glos.	%	England & Wales	%
Total usual resident population	12,348	100.0	9,006	100.0	9,006	100.0
Lives in a household	12,240	99.1	285,030	98.1	58,555,851	98.3
Lives in a communal establishment	108	0.9	5,394	1.9	1,041,691	1.7

Source: ONS - 2021 Census (TS001)³

T4. Number of households

	Yate North	%	South Glos.	%	England & Wales	%
All households	5,105	100.0	118,101	100.0	24,783,119	100.0

Source: ONS - 2021 Census (TS041)⁴

T5. Household composition

	Yate North	%	South Glos.	%	England & Wales	%
Total: All households	5,104	100.0	118,101	100.0	24,783,199	100.0
One-person household (total)	1,294	25.4	30,747	26.0	7,481,788	30.2
Aged 66 years and over	533	10.4	14,375	12.2	3,197,845	12.9
Other	761	14.9	16,372	13.9	4,283,943	17.3
Single family household (total)	3,583	70.2	80,156	67.9	15,613,018	63.0
All aged 66 years and over	523	10.2	12,635	10.7	2,283,288	9.2
Married or civil partnership couple	1,780	34.9	40,524	34.3	7,516,491	30.3
Cohabiting couple family	779	15.3	15,239	12.9	2,864,627	11.6
Lone parent family	472	9.2	11,102	9.4	2,756,737	11.1
Other single family household	29	0.6	656	0.6	191,875	0.8
Other household types (total)	227	4.4	7,198	6.1	1,688,393	6.8
With dependent children	93	1.8	2,368	2.0	656,418	2.6
Other, including all full-time students and all aged 66 years and over	134	2.6	4,830	4.1	1,031,975	4.2

Source: ONS - 2021 Census (TS003)5

T6. Household deprivation

	Yate North	%	South Glos.	%	England & Wales	%
Total: All households	5,107	100.0	118,101	100.0	24,783,199	100.0
Household is not deprived in any dimension	2,769	54.2	63,701	53.9	11,968,324	48.3
Household is deprived in one dimension	1,669	32.7	38,638	32.7	8,292,747	33.5
Household is deprived in two dimensions	561	11.0	13,163	11.1	3,536,076	14.3
Household is deprived in three dimensions	100	2.0	2,454	2.1	928,687	3.7
Household is deprived in four dimensions	8	0.2	145	0.1	57,365	0.2

Source: ONS - 2021 Census (TS011)

Definition of household deprivation

Households in England and Wales were classified in terms of dimensions of deprivation, based on four selected characteristics:

Education: A household is classified as deprived in the education dimension if no one has at least level 2 education and no one aged 16 to 18 years is a full-time student.

Employment: A household is classified in the employment dimension if any member, not a full-time student, is either unemployed or economically inactive due to long-term sickness or disability.

Health: A household is classified as deprived in the health dimension if any person in the household has general health that is bad or very bad or is identified as disabled. People who have assessed their day-to-day activities as limited by long-term physical or mental health conditions or illnesses are considered disabled. This definition of a disabled person meets the harmonised standard for measuring disability and is in line with the Equality Act (2010).

Housing: A household is classified as deprived in the housing dimension if the household's accommodation is either overcrowded, in a shared dwelling, or has no central heating.

T7. Household size

	Yate North	%	South Glos.	%	England & Wales	%
Total: All household spaces	5,105	100.0	118,101	100.0	24,783,199	100.0
1 person in household	1,294	25.3	30,747	26.0	7,481,788	30.2
2 people in household	1,888	37.0	42,563	36.0	8,451,403	34.1
3 people in household	916	17.9	19,821	16.8	3,955,168	16.0
4 people in household	725	14.2	17,980	15.2	3,182,251	12.8
5 people in household	205	4.0	5,059	4.3	1,112,752	4.5
6 people in household	55	1.1	1,360	1.2	373,957	1.5
7 people in household	16	0.3	382	0.3	130,727	0.5
8 or more people in household	6	0.1	189	0.2	95,153	0.4

Source: ONS - 2021 Census (TS017)⁶

T8. Living arrangements

	Yate North	%	South Glos.	%	England & Wales	%
All usual residents aged 16 and over	10,012	100.0	231,986	100.0	47,559,763	100.0
Living in a couple	6,521	65.1	146,549	63.2	27,503,868	57.8
Not living in a couple	3,491	34.9	85,437	36.8	20,055,895	42.2

Source: ONS - 2021 Census (TS010)7

T9. Legal partnership status

	Yate North	%	South Glos.	%	England & Wales	%
All usual residents aged 16 and over	10,122	100.0	237,366	100.0	48,566,373	100.0
Never married and never registered a civil partnership	3,645	36.0	85,114	35.9	18,401,778	37.9
Married or in a registered civil partnership	4,894	48.4	113,593	47.9	21,683,101	44.6
Separated, but still legally married or still legally in a civil partnership	182	1.8	4,362	1.8	1,085,987	2.2
Divorced or civil partnership dissolved	871	8.6	20,521	8.6	4,424,346	9.1
Widowed or surviving civil partnership partner	530	5.2	13,776	5.8	2,971,161	6.1

Source: ONS - 2021 Census (TS002)8

T10. Country of birth

	Yate North	%	South Glos.	%	England & Wales	%
Total usual resident population	12,346	100.0	290,424	100.0	59,597,542	100.0
Europe	11,949	96.8	274,565	94.5	53,722,544	90.1
United Kingdom	11,458	92.8	259,756	89.4	49,579,570	83.2
EU countries	446	3.6	13,490	4.6	3,643,242	6.1
Europe: Non-EU countries	45	0.4	1,319	0.5	499,732	0.8
Africa	153	1.2	4,356	1.5	1,584,575	2.7
Middle East and Asia	188	1.5	8,488	2.9	3,311,030	5.6
The Americas and the Caribbean	40	0.3	2,365	0.8	785,754	1.3
Antarctica and Oceania (including Australasia) and Other	15	0.1	561	0.2	172,547	0.3
British Overseas	1	0.0	89	0.0	21,092	0.0

Source: ONS - 2021 Census (TS004)9

T11. Length of residence in the UK

	Yate North	%	South Glos.	%	England & Wales	%
Total usual resident population	12,346	100. 0	290,424	100.0	59,597,542	100.0
Born in the UK	11,458	92.8	259,756	89.4	49,579,570	83.2
10 years or more	526	4.3	16,321	5.6	5,834,889	9.8
5 years or more, but less than 10 years	198	1.6	6,070	2.1	1,735,314	2.9
2 years or more, but less than 5 years	96	0.8	4,430	1.5	1,322,160	2.2
Less than 2 years	68	0.6	3,847	1.3	1,125,609	1.9

Source: ONS - 2021 Census (TS016)10

T12. Passports held

	Yate North	%	South Glos.	%	England & Wales	%
Total usual resident population	12,347	100.0	290,426	100.0	59,597,538	100.0
Europe	10,486	84.9	248,432	85.5	49,745,555	83.5
Africa	34	0.3	1,368	0.5	378,306	0.6
Middle East and Asia	56	0.5	3,211	1.1	1,076,219	1.8
The Americas and the Caribbean	19	0.2	908	0.3	300,267	0.5
Antarctica and Oceania, including Australasia	6	0.0	193	0.1	76,872	0.1
British Overseas Territories	0	0.0	0	0.0	639	0.0
No passport held	1,746	14.1	36,314	12.5	8,019,680	13.5

T13. Ethnicity

Ethnic Group	Yate North	%	South Glos.	%	England & Wales	%
Total usual resident population	12,349	100.0	290,424	100.0	59,597,542	100.0
Asian, Asian British or Asian Welsh - Total	177	1.4	11,094	3.8	5,515,420	9.3
Bangladeshi	6	0.0	581	0.2	644,881	1.1
Chinese	40	0.3	2,113	0.7	445,619	0.7
Indian	56	0.5	4,867	1.7	1,864,318	3.1
Pakistani	17	0.1	1,352	0.5	1,587,819	2.7
Other Asian	58	0.5	2,181	0.8	972,783	1.6
Black, Black British, Black Welsh, Caribbean or African - Total	118	1.0	4,534	1.6	2,409,278	4.0
African	82	0.7	2,787	1.0	1,488,381	2.5
Caribbean	19	0.2	1,219	0.4	623,119	1.0
Other Black	17	0.1	528	0.2	297,778	0.5
Mixed or Multiple ethnic groups - Total	242	2.0	7,289	2.5	1,717,976	2.9
White and Asian	63	0.5	1,953	0.7	488,225	0.8
White and Black African	35	0.3	905	0.3	249,596	0.4
White and Black Caribbean	94	0.8	2,711	0.9	513,042	0.9
Other Mixed or Multiple ethnic groups	50	0.4	1,720	0.6	467,113	0.8
White - Total	11,739	95.1	264,856	91.2	48,699,249	81.7
English, Welsh, Scottish, Northern Irish or British	11,276	91.3	249,160	85.8	44,355,038	74.4
Irish	36	0.3	1,327	0.5	507,465	0.9
Gypsy or Irish Traveller	15	0.1	443	0.2	67,768	0.1
Roma	4	0.0	373	0.1	100,981	0.2
Other White	408	3.3	13,553	4.7	3,667,997	6.2
Other ethnic group - Total	73	0.6	2,651	0.9	1,255,619	2.1
Arab	10	0.1	751	0.3	331,844	0.6
Any other ethnic group	63	0.5	1,900	0.7	923,775	1.6

Source: ONS - 2021 Census (TS021)¹²

T14. National identity

	Yate North	%	South Glos.	%	England & Wales	%
Total usual resident population	12,346	100.0	290,422	100.0	59,597,541	100.0
British only identity	7,147	57.9	163,084	56.2	32,677,619	54.8
English only identity	2,095	17.0	47,155	16.2	8,898,728	14.9
English and British only identity	2,178	17.6	50,087	17.2	8,112,809	13.6
Welsh only identity	122	1.0	2,976	1.0	1,908,644	3.2
Welsh and British only identity	59	0.5	1,499	0.5	337,607	0.6
Any other combination of only UK identities	118	1.0	2,760	1.0	707,985	1.2
Non-UK identity only	489	4.0	18,220	6.3	5,761,564	9.7
UK identity and non-UK identity	138	1.1	4,641	1.6	1,192,585	2.0

Source: ONS - 2021 Census (TS027)¹³

T15. Religion

	Yate North	%	South Glos.	%	England & Wales	%
Total usual resident population	12,345	100.0	290,425	100.0	59,597,540	100.0
No religion	6,118	49.6	133,749	46.1	22,162,062	37.2
Christian	5,349	43.3	128,014	44.1	27,522,672	46.2
Buddhist	33	0.3	1,056	0.4	272,508	0.5
Hindu	27	0.2	2,896	1.0	1,032,775	1.7
Jewish	7	0.1	173	0.1	271,327	0.5
Muslim	69	0.6	4,720	1.6	3,868,133	6.5
Sikh	14	0.1	1,006	0.3	524,140	0.9
Other religion	46	0.4	1,319	0.5	348,334	0.6
Not answered	682	5.5	17,492	6.0	3,595,589	6.0

Source: ONS - 2021 Census (TS030)14

T16. Household language

	Yate North	%	South Glos.	%	England & Wales	%
Total: All households	5,105	100.0	118,101	100.0	24,783,199	100.0
All adults in household have English in England, or English or Welsh in Wales as a main language	4,915	96.3	110,714	93.7	22,215,902	89.6
At least one but not all adults in household have English in England, or English or Welsh in Wales as a main language	73	1.4	2,893	2.4	1,036,736	4.2
No adults in household, but at least one person aged 3 to 15 years, has English in England or English or Welsh in Wales as a main language	25	0.5	1,018	0.9	330,002	1.3
No people in household have English in England, or English or Welsh in Wales as a main language	92	1.8	3,476	2.9	1,200,559	4.8

Source: ONS - 2021 Census (TS025)15

3. Health, Disability and Unpaid Care

T17. General health

	Yate North	%	South Glos.	%	England & Wales	%
Total usual resident population	12,346	100.0	290,424	100.0	59,597,542	100.0
Very good health	6,086	49.3	144,395	49.7	28,827,308	48.4
Good health	4,290	34.7	99,207	34.2	20,046,220	33.6
Fair health	1,439	11.7	34,595	11.9	7,597,001	12.7
Bad health	416	3.4	9,529	3.3	2,412,358	4.0
Very bad health	115	0.9	2,698	0.9	714,655	1.2

Source: ONS - 2021 Census (TS037)¹⁶

T18. Disability

	Yate North	%	South Glos.	%	England & Wales	%
Total usual resident population	12,346	100.0	290,423	100.0	59,597,542	100.0
Total: Disabled under the Equality Act	1,999	16.2	47,429	16.3	10,444,776	17.5
Disabled under the Equality Act: Day- to-day activities limited a lot	801	6.5	18,212	6.3	4,459,763	7.5
Disabled under the Equality Act: Day- to-day activities limited a little	1,198	9.7	29,217	10.1	5,985,013	10.0
Total: Not disabled under the Equality Act	10,347	83.8	242,994	83.7	49,152,766	82.5
Not disabled under the Equality Act: Has long term physical or mental health condition but day-to-day activities are not limited	936	7.6	22,016	7.6	4,062,569	6.8
Not disabled under the Equality Act: No long-term physical or mental health conditions	9,411	76.2	220,978	76.1	45,090,197	75.7

Source: ONS - 2021 Census (TS038)17

T19. Provision of unpaid care by number of hours

	Yate North	%	South Glos.	%	England & Wales	%
Total: All usual residents aged 5 and over	11,615	100.0	274,305	100.0	56,365,506	100.0
Provides no unpaid care	10,607	91.3	250,653	91.4	51,376,490	91.1
Provides 19 hours or less unpaid care a week	551	4.7	13,007	4.7	2,442,050	4.3
Provides 9 hours or less unpaid care a week	409	3.5	9,668	3.5	1,764,549	3.1
Provides 10 to 19 hours unpaid care a week	142	1.2	3,339	1.2	677,501	1.2
Provides 20 to 49 hours unpaid care a week	171	1.5	4,204	1.5	1,035,366	1.8
Provides 20 to 34 hours unpaid care a week	86	0.7	2,088	0.8	483,300	0.9
Provides 35 to 49 hours unpaid care a week	85	0.7	2,116	0.8	552,066	1.0
Provides 50 or more hours unpaid care a week	286	2.5	6,441	2.3	1,511,600	2.7

Source: ONS - 2021 Census (TS039)18

4. Labour market

T20. Employment history

	Yate North	%	South Glos.	%	England & Wales	%
Total: All usual residents aged 16 years and over not in employment the week before the census	3,574	100.0	89,754	100.0	20,792,707	100.0
Not in employment: Worked in the last 12 months	439	12.3	12,945	14.4	2,729,755	13.1
Not in employment: Not worked in the last 12 months	2,476	69.3	60,322	67.2	12,762,983	61.4
Not in employment: Never worked	659	18.4	16,487	18.4	5,299,969	25.5

Source: ONS - 2021 Census (TS065)¹

T21. Economic activity

Economic activity	Yate North	%	South Glos.	%	England & Wales	%
Total: All usual residents aged 16 years and over	10,123	100.0	237,366	100.0	48,566,371	100.0
Economically active (excluding full- time students)	6,563	64.8	147,707	62.2	28,336,631	58.3
In employment	6,381	63.0	143,392	60.4	26,960,268	55.5
Unemployed	182	1.8	4,315	1.8	1,376,363	2.8
Economically active and a full-time student	206	2.0	5,759	2.4	1,112,219	2.3
In employment	166	1.6	4,220	1.8	813,397	1.7
Unemployed	40	0.4	1,539	0.6	298,822	0.6
Economically inactive	3,354	33.1	83,900	35.3	19,117,521	39.4
Retired	2,257	22.3	53,153	22.4	10,513,713	21.6
Student	325	3.2	11,240	4.7	2,740,634	5.6
Looking after home or family	327	3.2	7,439	3.1	2,317,340	4.8
Long-term sick or disabled	285	2.8	6,581	2.8	2,025,621	4.2
Other	160	1.6	5,487	2.3	1,520,213	3.1

Source: ONS - 2021 Census (TS066)²⁰

T22. Highest level of qualification

	Yate North	%	South Glos.	%	England & Wales	%
Total: All usual residents aged 16 years and over	10,121	100.0	237,364	100.0	48,566,373	100.0
No qualifications	1,462	14.4	33,792	14.2	8,827,472	18.2
Level 1 and entry level qualifications	1,222	12.1	23,996	10.1	4,679,223	9.6
Level 2 qualifications	1,639	16.2	33,959	14.3	6,493,490	13.4
Apprenticeship	681	6.7	15,142	6.4	2,590,252	5.3
Level 3 qualifications	2,072	20.5	46,440	19.6	8,225,629	16.9
Level 4 qualifications or above	2,813	27.8	78,233	33.0	16,413,231	33.8
Other qualifications	232	2.3	5,802	2.4	1,337,076	2.8

Source: ONS - 2021 Census (TS067)

The highest level of qualification is derived from the question asking people to indicate all qualifications held, or their nearest equivalent. This may include foreign qualifications where they were matched to the closest UK equivalent. The types of qualification included in each level are:

Level 1 and entry level qualifications: 1 to 4 GCSEs grade A* to C, Any GCSEs at other grades, O levels or CSEs (any grades), 1 AS level, NVQ level 1, Foundation GNVQ, Basic or Essential Skills;

Level 2 qualifications: 5 or more GCSEs (A* to C or 9 to 4), O levels (passes), CSEs (grade 1), School Certification, 1 A level, 2 to 3 AS levels, VCEs, Intermediate or Higher Diploma, Welsh Baccalaureate Intermediate Diploma, NVQ level 2, Intermediate GNVQ, City and Guilds Craft, BTEC First or General Diploma, RSA Diploma;

Level 3 qualifications: 2 or more A levels or VCEs, 4 or more AS levels, Higher School Certificate, Progression or Advanced Diploma, Welsh Baccalaureate Advance Diploma, NVQ level 3; Advanced GNVQ, City and Guilds Advanced Craft, ONC, OND, BTEC National, RSA Advanced Diploma;

Level 4 qualifications or above: degree (BA, BSc), higher degree (MA, PhD, PGCE), NVQ level 4 to 5, HNC, HND, RSA Higher Diploma, BTEC Higher level, professional qualifications (for example, teaching, nursing, accountancy); Other qualifications: vocational or work-related qualifications, other qualifications achieved in England or Wales, qualifications achieved outside England or Wales (equivalent not stated or unknown). There are quality considerations about higher education qualifications, including those at Level 4+, responses from older people and international migrants, and comparability with 2011 Census data.

Note on the Covid-19 pandemic

Each census is a unique snapshot in time and this census was conducted in March 2021. At the time, England and Wales was in the middle of a period of lockdown due to the ongoing impact of the coronavirus pandemic. During this period, our working patterns were impacted due to the national lockdown whilst a significant proportion of the workforce were on furlough. Many people were also working from home for the first time as organisations responded to the latest government guidance. However, this was a period when the government advice was for people to stay at home and only attend work if there was no alternative. Many people were still on furlough and, whilst there was guidance on how to complete the questions, it is not clear whether people may have also answered based on a period before the pandemic.

Since the time the census data was collated, the workforce is still adjusting to new ways of working, hybrid working, and many people will also have changed jobs or left the workforce in this time.

T23. Hours worked

	Yate North	%	South Glos.	%	England & Wales	%
Total: All usual residents aged 16 years and over in employment the week before the census	6,547	100.0	147,612	100.0	27,773,665	100.0
Part-time	1,899	29.0	43,784	29.7	8,281,004	29.8
15 hours or less worked	604	9.2	14,192	9.6	2,855,066	10.3
16 to 30 hours worked	1,295	19.8	29,592	20.0	5,425,938	19.5
Full-time	4,648	71.0	103,828	70.3	19,492,661	70.2
31 to 48 hours worked	4,077	62.3	90,398	61.2	16,427,651	59.1
49 or more hours worked	571	8.7	13,430	9.1	3,065,010	11.0

Source: ONS - 2021 Census (TS059)21

T24. Occupation

	Yate North	%	South Glos.	%	England & Wales	%
Total: All usual residents aged 16 years and over in employment the week before the census	6,548	100.0	147,612	100.0	27,773,667	100.0
1. Managers, directors and senior officials	764	11.7	17,918	12.1	3,547,854	12.8
2. Professional occupations	1,190	18.2	31,300	21.2	5,606,115	20.2
3. Associate professional and technical occupations	878	13.4	19,437	13.2	3,661,022	13.2
4. Administrative and secretarial occupations	815	12.4	17,372	11.8	2,574,681	9.3
5. Skilled trades occupations	760	11.6	16,114	10.9	2,849,754	10.3
6. Caring, leisure and other service occupations	557	8.5	12,405	8.4	2,600,177	9.4
7. Sales and customer service occupations	537	8.2	10,669	7.2	2,087,112	7.5
8. Process, plant and machine operatives	445	6.8	8,855	6.0	1,940,141	7.0
9. Elementary occupations	602	9.2	13,542	9.2	2,906,811	10.5

Source: ONS - 2021 Census (TS063)²²

T25. Industry

	Yate North	%	South Glos.	%	England & Wales	%
Total: All usual residents aged 16 years and over in employment the week before the census	6,544	100.0	147,615	100.0	27,773,661	100.0
A: Agriculture, Forestry and fishing	12	0.2	782	0.5	237,049	0.9
B: Mining and quarrying	10	0.2	191	0.1	42,699	0.2
C: Manufacturing	540	8.3	10,680	7.2	2,040,203	7.3
D: Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	39	0.6	996	0.7	161,604	0.6
E: Water supply; Sewerage, Waste management and Remediation activities	48	0.7	1,179	0.8	203,710	0.7
F: Construction	677	10.3	14,447	9.8	2,406,228	8.7
G: Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles	1,176	18.0	22,013	14.9	4,156,299	15.0
H: Transport and storage	321	4.9	7,297	4.9	1,381,362	5.0
I: Accommodation and food service activities	209	3.2	5,463	3.7	1,362,991	4.9
J: Information and communication	295	4.5	7,264	4.9	1,283,997	4.6
K: Financial and insurance activities	297	4.5	7,394	5.0	1,046,740	3.8
L: Real estate activities	102	1.6	2,093	1.4	430,490	1.5
M: Professional, scientific and technical activities	369	5.6	9,239	6.3	1,828,909	6.6
N: Administrative and support service activities	301	4.6	7,287	4.9	1,457,167	5.2
O: Public administration and defence; compulsory social security	565	8.6	11,824	8.0	1,646,592	5.9
P: Education	524	8.0	13,387	9.1	2,732,876	9.8
Q: Human health and social work activities	822	12.6	20,512	13.9	4,089,373	14.7
R, S, T, U Other	237	3.6	5,567	3.8	1,265,372	4.6

Source: ONS - 2021 Census (TS060)²³

T26. Method used to travel to work

	Yate North	%	South Glos.	%	England & Wales	%
Total: All usual residents aged 16 years and over in employment the week before the census	6,551	100.0	147,610	100.0	27,773,666	100.0
Work mainly at or from home	2,118	32.3	52,349	35.5	8,671,722	31.2
Underground, metro, light rail, tram	1	0.0	40	0.0	505,311	1.8
Train	29	0.4	438	0.3	529,461	1.9
Bus, minibus or coach	102	1.6	4,442	3.0	1,160,990	4.2
Тахі	12	0.2	276	0.2	200,490	0.7
Motorcycle, scooter or moped	47	0.7	968	0.7	128,849	0.5
Driving a car or van	3,391	51.8	71,696	48.6	12,524,571	45.1
Passenger in a car or van	254	3.9	4,890	3.3	1,083,447	3.9
Bicycle	123	1.9	3,060	2.1	569,295	2.0
On foot	427	6.5	8,371	5.7	2,113,657	7.6
Other method of travel to work	47	0.7	1,080	0.7	285,873	1.0

Source: ONS - 2021 Census (TS061)²

T27. National Statistic Social Economic Classification (NS-SeC)

	Yate North	%	South Glos.	%	England & Wales	%
Total: All usual residents aged 16 years and over	10,121	100.0	237,366	100.0	48,566,373	100.0
L1, L2 and L3 Higher managerial, administrative and professional occupations	1,358	13.4	35,126	14.8	6,353,898	13.1
L4, L5 and L6 Lower managerial, administrative and professional occupations	2,260	22.3	51,723	21.8	9,669,812	19.9
L7 Intermediate occupations	1,515	15.0	32,883	13.9	5,551,417	11.4
L8 and L9 Small employers and own account workers	884	8.7	23,026	9.7	5,131,554	10.6
L10 and L11 Lower supervisory and technical occupations	602	5.9	13,120	5.5	2,620,604	5.4
L12 Semi-routine occupations	1,246	12.3	26,470	11.2	5,518,715	11.4
L13 Routine occupations	1,255	12.4	26,622	11.2	5,859,961	12.1
L14.1 and L14.2 Never worked and long- term unemployed	487	4.8	11,843	5.0	4,133,958	8.5
L15 Full-time students	514	5.1	16,553	7.0	3,726,454	7.7

Source: ONS - 2021 Census (TS062)25

6. Housing

T28. Accommodation type

	Yate North	%	South Glos.	%	England & Wales	%
Total: All households	5,107	100.0	118,101	100.0	24,783,200	100.0
Detached	1,861	36.4	31,401	26.6	5,753,255	23.2
Semi-detached	1,614	31.6	40,784	34.5	7,810,175	31.5
Terraced	1,065	20.9	30,133	25.5	5,739,467	23.2
In a purpose-built block of flats or tenement	486	9.5	12,339	10.4	4,126,433	16.7
Part of a converted or shared house, including bedsits	46	0.9	1,515	1.3	845,606	3.4
Part of another converted building, for example, former school, church or warehouse	8	0.2	472	0.4	195,546	0.8
In a commercial building, for example, in an office building, hotel or over a shop	7	0.1	672	0.6	208,456	0.8
A caravan or other mobile or temporary structure	20	0.4	785	0.7	104,262	0.4

Source: ONS - 2021 Census (TS044)

T29. Tenure of household

	Yate North	%	South Glos.	%	England & Wales	%
Total: All households	5,107	100.0	118,101	100.0	24,783,199	100.0
Owned	3,864	75.7	85,492	72.4	15,258,981	61.6
Owns outright	1,831	35.9	43,220	36.6	8,136,782	32.8
Owns with a mortgage or loan	2,033	39.8	42,272	35.8	7,122,199	28.7
Shared ownership	60	1.2	1,231	1.0	240,234	1.0
Social rented	514	10.1	12,738	10.8	4,227,756	17.1
Rents from council or Local Authority	92	1.8	2,122	1.8	2,061,789	8.3
Social rented: Other social rented	422	8.3	10,616	9.0	2,165,967	8.7
Private rented	669	13.1	18,588	15.7	5,023,531	20.3
Private landlord or letting agency	605	11.8	16,441	13.9	4,468,534	18.0
Other private rented	64	1.3	2,147	1.8	554,997	2.2
Lives rent free	0	0.0	52	0.0	32,697	0.1

Source: ONS - 2021 Census (TS054)²⁶

T30. Number of bedrooms

	Yate North	%	South Glos.	%	England & Wales	%
Total: All households	5,103	100.0	118,101	100.0	24,783,199	100.0
1 bedroom	329	6.4	9,363	7.9	2,826,033	11.4
2 bedrooms	1,159	22.7	25,231	21.4	6,715,736	27.1
3 bedrooms	2,041	40.0	52,165	44.2	10,019,713	40.4
4 or more bedrooms	1,574	30.8	31,342	26.5	5,221,717	21.1

Source: ONS - 2021 Census (TS050)

T31. Number of rooms (VOA)

	Yate North	%	South Glos.	%	England & Wales	%
Total: All households	5,104	100.0	118,101	100.0	24,783,197	100.0
1 room	12	0.2	442	0.4	260,360	1.1
2 rooms	327	6.4	8,421	7.1	2,435,589	9.8
3 rooms	1,081	21.2	21,593	18.3	5,716,952	23.1
4 rooms	1,349	26.4	30,096	25.5	6,897,000	27.8
5 rooms	1,285	25.2	36,962	31.3	5,742,998	23.2
6 rooms	764	15.0	13,454	11.4	2,165,070	8.7
7 rooms	242	4.7	5,023	4.3	920,198	3.7
8 rooms	34	0.7	1,374	1.2	367,001	1.5
9 or more rooms	10	0.2	736	0.6	278,029	1.1

Yate North

Note: In a change from previous censuses, Census21 used Valuation Office Agency (VOA) data to count the number of rooms in a dwelling. All rooms in a dwelling apart from bathrooms, toilets, halls or landings, kitchens, conservatories or utility rooms are counted. If two rooms have been converted into one, they are counted as one room. For households living in a shared dwelling, the number of rooms are counted for the whole dwelling and not the individual household. More information on data collection and methodology can be found on the <u>ONS website</u>.

T32. Occupancy rating for bedrooms

	Yate North	%	South Glos.	%	England & Wales	%
Total: All households	5,105	100.0	118,101	100.0	24,783,199	100.0
Occupancy rating of bedrooms: +2 or more	2,343	45.9	51,532	43.6	8,902,471	35.9
Occupancy rating of bedrooms: +1	1,648	32.3	38,504	32.6	8,258,721	33.3
Occupancy rating of bedrooms: 0	1,003	19.6	25,456	21.6	6,567,584	26.5
Occupancy rating of bedrooms: -1	98	1.9	2,327	2.0	880,672	3.6
Occupancy rating of bedrooms: -2 or less	13	0.3	282	0.2	173,751	0.7

Source: ONS - 2021 Census (TS052)

Note: Occupancy rating provides a measure of whether a household's accommodation is overcrowded or underoccupied. An occupancy rating of negative 1 or less implies that a household has fewer bedrooms than the standard requirement, positive 1 implies that they have more bedrooms than required, and 0 implies that they met the standard required.

T33. Central heating

	Yate North	%	South Glos.	%	England & Wales	%
Total: All households	5,104	100.0	118,101	100.0	24,783,199	100.0
No central heating	59	1.2	1,081	0.9	367,132	1.5
Mains gas only	4,231	82.9	91,075	77.1	18,298,725	73.8
Tank or bottled gas only	34	0.7	1,257	1.1	260,102	1.0
Electric only	336	6.6	8,640	7.3	2,113,111	8.5
Oil only	42	0.8	4,652	3.9	865,940	3.5
Wood only	2	0.0	147	0.1	35,723	0.1
Solid fuel only	1	0.0	163	0.1	49,459	0.2
Renewable energy only	7	0.1	487	0.4	98,732	0.4
District or communal heat networks only	14	0.3	442	0.4	220,917	0.9
Other central heating only	26	0.5	507	0.4	225,381	0.9
Two or more types of central heating (not including renewable energy)	334	6.5	8,960	7.6	2,113,325	8.5
Two or more types of central heating (including renewable energy)	18	0.4	690	0.6	134,652	0.5

Source: ONS - 2021 Census (TS046)27

T34. Car or van availability

	Yate North	%	South Glos.	%	England & Wales	%
Total: All households	5,105	100.0	118,101	100.0	24,783,199	100.0
No cars or vans in household	537	10.5	14,585	12.3	5,777,957	23.3
1 car or van in household	1,994	39.1	47,411	40.1	10,236,898	41.3
2 cars or vans in household	1,868	36.6	40,325	34.1	6,485,738	26.2
3 or more cars or vans in household	706	13.8	15,780	13.4	2,282,606	9.2

Source: ONS - 2021 Census (TS045)28

7. Armed forces

T35. Previously served in the armed forces

	Yate North	%	South Glos.	%	England & Wales	%
Total: All usual residents aged 16 and over	10,119	100.0	237,366	100.0	48,566,373	100.0
Previously served in UK regular armed forces	337	3.3	6,970	2.9	1,413,296	2.9
Previously served in UK reserve armed forces	82	0.8	2,124	0.9	360,770	0.7
Previously served in both regular and reserve UK armed forces	13	0.1	404	0.2	79,046	0.2
Has not previously served in any UK armed forces	9,687	95.7	227,868	96.0	46,713,261	96.2

Source: ONS - 2021 Census (TS071)29

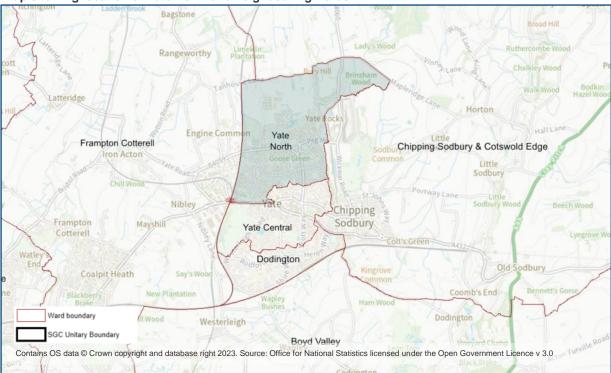
T36. Number of people in the household who have previously served in UK armed forces

	Yate North	%	South Glos.	%	England & Wales	%
Total: All households	5,105	100.0	118,101	100.0	24,783,199	100.0
No people in the household previously served in UK armed forces	4,701	92.1	109,218	92.5	23,038,121	93.0
1 person in the household previously served in UK armed forces	385	7.5	8,534	7.2	1,675,603	6.8
2 people in the household previously served in UK armed forces	18	0.4	341	0.3	67,714	0.3
3 or more people in the household previously served in UK armed forces	1	0.0	8	0.0	1,761	0.0

Source: ONS - 2021 Census (TS072)

Yate North geography

Yate North is next to the wards of Chipping Sodbury & Cotswold Edge and Frampton Cotterell with Yate Central to the south.





To produce ward data, ONS use best-fit estimates based on combining the data from Output Areas. Best-fitting is the method used to produce estimates for any output geography using Output Areas (OA) as building blocks. These are the lowest level of geographical area for census statistics comprising a usually resident population between 100 and 625 persons and 40 to 250 households.

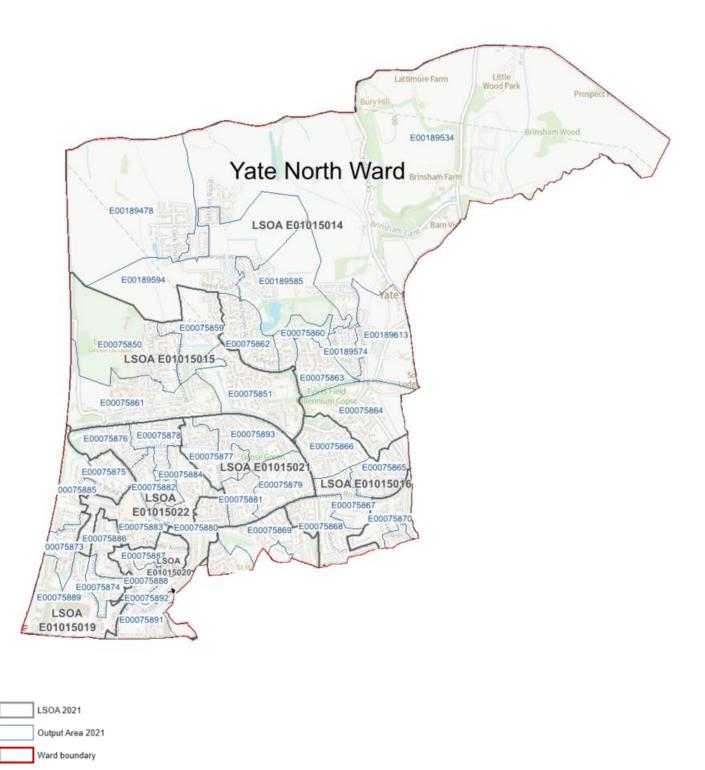
Ward data is determined by the aggregation of data for each Output Area (the smallest geography) using the best-fit methodology. Each OA has a <u>population weighted centroid</u> which is a single summary point that reflects the spatial distribution of the Census 2021 population. The OA is allocated to the ward in which the population weighted centroid is located. The list of Output Areas below, are the ones used to calculate the ward data. Due to statistical disclosure control, aggregating the totals below may result in a small difference in ward totals that may be published elsewhere.

Where we want to understand a smaller or bespoke population area, OAs and Lower layer Super Output Areas (LSOAs) are used. LSOAs are made up of groups of OAs, usually four or five and comprise between 400 and 1,200 households. They usually have a resident population between 1,000 and 3,000 persons. LSOAs are not related to ward boundaries, but as OAs are the building blocks for these larger geographies, it is useful to know their location and individual populations as they are used in other data sets (e.g. Indices of Deprivation).

The map below shows the Output Areas that are within the ward boundary and have been used for calculating the ward tables. The individual population and household data is also included for each OA along with the LSOA in which it sits.

Output Areas and LSOAs in Yate North ward

This map shows Output Areas (OA21) within the ward. Larger LSOA boundaries, which are built from Output Areas, are also shown. LSOAs on the edge of the ward will sit across the boundary.



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The table below shows individual Output Areas, the LSOA they are part of and their resident and household numbers.

OA21 Population and households in Yate North ward (continued on following page)

Output Area (OA21)	Lower layer Super Output Area in which OA21 is located (LSOA21)	OA21 Population: All usual residents	Lives in a household	Lives in a communal establishment
E00075850	E01015015	322	322	0
E00075851	E01015015	491	434	57
E00075859	E01015015	319	319	0
E00075860	E01015014	234	234	0
E00075861	E01015015	454	454	0
E00075862	E01015014	432	432	0
E00075863	E01015014	281	281	0
E00075864	E01015014	310	310	0
E00075865	E01015016	305	305	0
E00075866	E01015016	309	309	0
E00075867	E01015016	226	226	0
E00075868	E01015016	278	278	0
E00075869	E01015017	285	285	0
E00075870	E01015018	298	298	0
E00075873	E01015019	278	278	0
E00075874	E01015019	233	233	0
E00075875	E01015019	224	224	0
E00075876	E01015022	255	255	0
E00075877	E01015021	357	357	0
E00075878	E01015022	329	329	0
E00075879	E01015021	304	304	0
E00075880	E01015021	251	251	0
E00075881	E01015021	255	255	0
E00075882	E01015022	305	305	0
E00075883	E01015022	350	299	51
E00075884	E01015022	347	347	0
E00075885	E01015019	294	294	0
E00075886	E01015019	331	331	0
E00075887	E01015020	347	347	0
E00075888	E01015020	343	343	0
E00075889	E01015019	277	277	0
E00075891	E01015020	320	320	0
E00075892	E01015020	318	318	0
E00075893	E01015021	338	338	0

E00189478	E01015014	255	255	0
E00189534	E01015014	282	282	0
E00189574	E01015014	327	327	0
E00189585	E01015014	305	305	0
E00189594	E01015014	282	282	0
E00189613	E01015014	294	294	0

Source: ONS Census21, Table TS001

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Protecting personal data

Sometimes ONS make changes to data where it is possible to identify individuals. This is called statistical disclosure control (SDC). For Census 2021 this involved:

- Targeted record swapping. If a household was likely to be identified in datasets, this record would be swapped with a similar one from a nearby small area. A very unusual household could be swapped with one in a nearby local authority.
- Adding small changes to some counts (cell perturbation). This could change a count of four to a three or a five and make a small difference between tables depending now those data is broken down. This will also affect some table totals.

Individual table notes

⁸ Classifies a person according to their legal marital or registered civil partnership status on Census Day 21 March 2021. It is the same as the 2011 census variable "Marital status" but has been updated for Census 2021 to reflect the revised Civil Partnership Act that came into force in 2019. In Census 2021 results, "single" refers only to someone who has never been married or in a registered civil partnership.

¹ This is the sex recorded by the person completing the census. The options were "Female" and "Male". Note that in the census tables, a usual resident of the UK is anyone who, on 21 March 2021, is in the UK and has stayed, or intends to stay, in the UK for 12 months or more or has a permanent UK address and is outside the UK and intends to be outside the UK for less than 12 months. The only exception is members of the armed forces on deployment on operations, who remain usual residents of the UK regardless of length of deployment. This is the same definition as used in the mid-year population estimates and allows for comparability with population estimates from other countries.

² A person's age on Census Day, 21 March 2021 in England and Wales. Estimates for single year of age between ages 90 and 100+ are less reliable than other ages. Estimation and adjustment at these ages was based on the age range 90+ rather than five-year age bands. ³ People who completed the normal household questionnaire were recorded as living in a household. Those who completed an individual questionnaire were asked if they lived in a household or a communal establishment.

⁴ This is the total figure for number of households. Other tables may have a slight variation in figures, including the total, due to statistical disclosure control – see note above.

⁵ Figure is for households. Total may vary from total household table (TS041) due to statistical disclosure control. One-family households are classified by: i) the number of dependent children ii) family type (married, civil partnership or cohabiting couple family, or lone parent family). Other households are classified by:i) the number of people ii) the number of dependent children iii) whether the household consists only of students or only of people aged 66 and over. Data about household relationships might not always look consistent with legal partnership status. This is because of complexity of living arrangements and the way people interpreted these questions. Take care when using these two variables together.

⁷ The living arrangements classification combines responses to the question on marital and civil partnership status with information about whether or not a person is living in a couple. This topic is only applicable to people in households. Living arrangements differs from marital and civil partnership status because cohabiting takes priority over other categories. For example, if a person is divorced and cohabiting, then in results for living arrangements they are classified as cohabiting.

⁹ The country in which a person was born. For people not born in one of in the four parts of the UK, there was an option to select "elsewhere". People who selected "elsewhere" were asked to write in the current name for their country of birth.

¹⁰ The length of residence in the UK is derived from the date that a person most recently arrived to live in the UK. It does not include returning from a holiday or short stay outside the UK. Length of residence is only applicable to usual residents who were not born in the UK. It does not include usual residents born in the UK who have emigrated and since returned - these are recorded in the category "born in the UK". ¹¹ All passports classifies a person according to the passport or passports they held at the time of the census. This included expired passports or

¹¹ All passports classifies a person according to the passport or passports they held at the time of the census. This included expired passports or travel documents people were entitled to renew. Where a person recorded having more than one passport, they were counted only once,

categorised in the following priority order: 1. UK passport, 2. Irish passport, 3. Other passport. Only the first country written in "Other passport" was taken.

¹² The ethnic group that the person completing the census feels they belong to. This could be based on their culture, family background, identity or physical appearance. The question about the ethnic group people feel they belong to is self-identified and is subjectively meaningful to the person answering the question. This means that how a person chooses to identify can change over time. Respondents could choose one out of 19 tick-box response categories, including write-in response options. A new Roma category next to the Gypsy or Irish Traveller tick box within the White category was added for Census 2021. A write-in option for those selecting African within the Black, Caribbean or Black British category was also added so a more specific ethnic background could be recorded.

¹³ Someone's national identity is a self-determined assessment of their own identity, it could be the country or countries where they feel they belong or think of as home. It is not dependent on ethnic group or citizenship. Respondents could select more than one national identity.

¹⁴ The religion people connect or identify with (their religious affiliation), whether or not they practice or have belief in it. This question was voluntary and includes people who identified with one of 8 tick-box response options, including 'No religion', alongside those who chose not to answer this question.

¹⁵Classifies households by the combination of adults and children (aged 3 to 15 years) within a household that have English (English or Welsh in Wales) as their main language.

¹⁶ A person's assessment of the general state of their health from very good to very bad. This assessment is not based on a person's health over any specified period of time.

¹⁷ People who assessed their day-to-day activities as limited by long-term physical or mental health conditions or illnesses are considered disabled. This definition of a disabled person meets the harmonised standard for measuring disability and is in line with the Equality Act (2010).

¹⁸ An unpaid carer may look after, give help or support to anyone who has long-term physical or mental ill-health conditions, illness or problems related to old age. This does not include any activities as part of paid employment. This help can be within or outside of the carer's household.
¹⁹ Census 2021 took place during the coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic. The national lockdown, associated guidance and furlough measures will have affected the labour market topic. Care should be taken when using this data for planning and policy purposes.

²⁰ People aged 16 years and over are economically active if, between 15 March and 21 March 2021, they were: i) in employment (an employee or self-employed) ii) unemployed, but looking for work and could start within two weeks

iii) unemployed, but waiting to start a job that had been offered and accepted. It is a measure of whether or not a person was an active participant in the labour market during this period. Economically inactive are those aged 16 years and over who did not have a job between 15 March to 21 March 2021 and had not looked for work between 22 February to 21 March 2021 or could not start work within two weeks. The census definition differs from International Labour Organization definition used on the Labour Force Survey, so estimates are not directly comparable. An employee is a person aged 16 years and over in employment doing paid work for an individual or organisation. This relates to people's main jobs or, if not working at the time of the census, their last main jobs. Self-employed is defined as people aged 16 years and over who own and operate their own business, professional practice or similar enterprise, including those operated with a partner. This relates to people's main jobs or, if not working at the time of the census, their last main jobs. This can include people who work freelance, which means someone who is self-employed and works (or worked) for different companies on particular pieces of work. Self-employed people who are not freelance can have employees who work for them. ²¹ The number of hours worked per week before the census includes paid and unpaid overtime. This covers the main job of anyone aged 16 years and over.

²² Classifies what people aged 16 years and over do as their main job. Their job title or details of activities they do in their job and any supervisory or management responsibilities form this classification. This information is used to code responses to an occupation using the Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) 2020. It classifies people who were in employment between 15 March and 21 March 2021, by the SOC code that represents their current occupation.

²³ Classifies people aged 16 years and over who were in employment between 15 March and 21 March 2021 by the Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) code that represents their current industry or business. The SIC code is assigned based on the information provided about a firm or organisation's main activity.

²⁴ It is difficult to compare this variable with the 2011 Census because Census 2021 took place during a national lockdown. The government advice at the time was for people to work from home (if they can) and avoid public transport. People who were furloughed (about 5.6 million) were advised to answer the transport to work question based on their previous travel patterns before or during the pandemic. This means that the data does not accurately represent what they were doing on Census Day. This variable cannot be directly compared with the 2011 Census Travel to Work data as it does not include people who were travelling to work on that day. It may however, be partially compared with bespoke tables from 2011.
²⁵ The National Statistics Socio-economic Classification (NS-SEC) indicates a person's socio-economic position based on a person's occupation, whether employed, self-employed, or supervising other employees. Full-time students are recorded in the "full-time students" category regardless of whether they are economically active. This table is not comparable with the 2011 Census because the classifications in the occupation variable have changed.

²⁶ Owner-occupied accommodation can be: owned outright, which is where the household owns all of the accommodation with a mortgage or loan part-owned on a shared ownership scheme. Rented accommodation can be:

private rented (for example, rented through a private landlord or letting agent social rented through a local council or housing association. This information is not available for household spaces with no usual residents.

²⁷ For Census 2021, "Renewable energy (for example solar thermal or heat)" and "District or communal heath network" were added as categories. Gas was also split into "Mains gas" and "Tank or bottled gas". The category "Wood (for example, logs, waste wood or pallets)" was separated from "Solid fuels".

²⁸ Vehicles included: pick-ups, camper vans and motor homes; vehicles that are temporarily not working; vehicles that have failed their MOT; vehicles owned or used by a lodger; company cars or vans if they're available for private use. Vehicles not included: motorbikes, trikes, quad bikes or mobility scooters; vehicles that have a Statutory Off Road Notification (SORN); vehicles owned or used only by a visitor; vehicles that are kept at another address or not easily accessed. The number of cars or vans in an area relates only to households. Cars or vans used by communal establishment residents are not counted. Households with 10 to 20 cars or vans are counted as having only 10. Households with more than 20 cars or vans were treated as invalid and a value imputed.

²⁹ This was a new question for Census 21 so there is no comparability with previous censuses. Identifies people who have previously served in the UK armed forces. This includes those who have served for at least one day in armed forces, either regular or reserves, or Merchant Mariners who have seen duty on legally defined military operations.

For further information please contact the Insight and Engagement Team at research@southglos.gov.uk