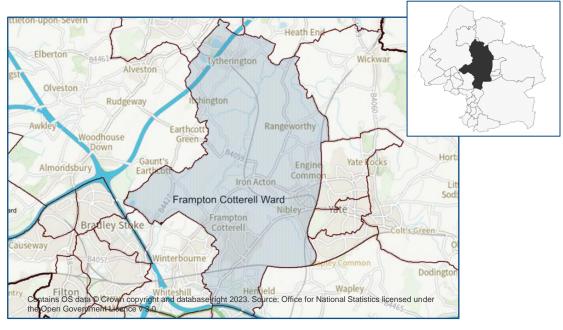
Census 2021: Ward Profile

Frampton Cotterell

Ward Code: E05012114

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Population: 13,238



Households: 5,321

- 99.5% of residents (13,166) live in a household; 0.5% (72) live in a communal establishment.
- 24.4% of residents are aged 65 or over compared to 18.7% for the whole of South Gloucestershire.



- 96.6% of usual residents in Frampton Cotterell identify their ethnic group within the high-level "White" category. 3.3% are from a black, Asian, mixed or other ethnic group, compared to 8.8% for the whole of South Gloucestershire.
- 5.1% (689) of residents were born outside of the United Kingdom. This figure is 10.6% for South Gloucestershire overall.
- There are 2,142 residents (16.2%) who are disabled under the Equalities Act. This compares to 16.3% for South Gloucestershire as a whole.
- There are 1,130 one-person households (21.2%). 13% of one-person households are residents aged 66 years and over. 73.7% (3,920) are single family households.



- 44.5% of households (2,368) are deprived in one or more dimensions, compared to 46% for South Gloucestershire.
- 36.9% (1,964) households are owned with a mortgage, loan or shared ownership. 8.6% are privately rented and 8.3% live in social rented accommodation. 46.1% (2,454) are owned outright.
- 7% of households do not have a car or van compared to the South Gloucestershire wide figure of 12.3%.
- 60.4% (6,601) of residents aged 16 years and over were economically active in the week leading up to Census 2021. 1.9% were unemployed. 39.6% (4,328) were economically inactive, including 28.7% who were retired.



- 34.7% of residents aged 16 years and over, have a degree level qualification or higher (Level 4). 14.5% stated they had no qualifications.
- 4.6% of residents aged16 years and over (503 people) classified as full-time students (NS-SEC).

T1. Sex

	Frampton Cotterell	%	South Glos.	%	England & Wales	%
Total usual resident population	13,238	100.0	290,424	100.0	59,597,542	100.0
Male	6,681	50.5	143,769	49.5	29,177,340	49.0
Female	6,557	49.5	146,655	50.5	30,420,202	51.0

Source: ONS - 2021 Census (TS008)¹

T2. Age

	Frampton Cotterell	%	South Glos.	%	England & Wales	%
Total usual resident population	13,236	100.0	290,423	100.0	59,597,546	100.0
Aged 4 years and under	604	4.6	16,119	5.6	3,232,036	5.4
Aged 5 to 9 years	779	5.9	17,128	5.9	3,524,627	5.9
Aged 10 to 15 years	928	7.0	19,812	6.8	4,274,508	7.2
Aged 16 to 19 years	546	4.1	13,115	4.5	2,716,186	4.6
Aged 20 to 24 years	581	4.4	18,098	6.2	3,602,128	6.0
Aged 25 to 34 years	1,286	9.7	39,885	13.7	8,050,540	13.5
Aged 35 to 49 years	2,324	17.6	55,813	19.2	11,526,095	19.3
Aged 50 to 64 years	2,961	22.4	56,261	19.4	11,608,079	19.5
Aged 65 to 74 years	1,570	11.9	27,565	9.5	5,923,121	9.9
Aged 75 to 84 years	1,218	9.2	19,089	6.6	3,685,348	6.2
Aged 85 years and over	439	3.3	7,538	2.6	1,454,878	2.4

Source: ONS - 2021 Census (TS007)²

T3. Residence type

	Frampton Cotterell	%	South Glos.	South Glos. % England Wales		%
Total usual resident population	13,238	100.0	9,006	100.0	9,006	100.0
Lives in a household	13,166	99.5	285,030	98.1	58,555,851	98.3
Lives in a communal establishment	72	0.5	5,394	1.9	1,041,691	1.7

Source: ONS - 2021 Census (TS001)³

T4. Number of households

	Frampton Cotterell	%	South Glos.	%	England & Wales	%
All households	5,321	100.0	118,101	100.0	24,783,119	100.0

Source: ONS - 2021 Census (TS041)⁴

T5. Household composition

	Frampton Cotterell	%	South Glos.	%	England & Wales	%
Total: All households	5,320	100.0	118,101	100.0	24,783,199	100.0
One-person household (total)	1,130	21.2	30,747	26.0	7,481,788	30.2
Aged 66 years and over	694	13.0	14,375	12.2	3,197,845	12.9
Other	436	8.2	16,372	13.9	4,283,943	17.3
Single family household (total)	3,920	73.7	80,156	67.9	15,613,018	63.0
All aged 66 years and over	856	16.1	12,635	10.7	2,283,288	9.2
Married or civil partnership couple	2,069	38.9	40,524	34.3	7,516,491	30.3
Cohabiting couple family	502	9.4	15,239	12.9	2,864,627	11.6
Lone parent family	471	8.9	11,102	9.4	2,756,737	11.1
Other single family household	22	0.4	656	0.6	191,875	0.8
Other household types (total)	270	5.1	7,198	6.1	1,688,393	6.8
With dependent children	93	1.7	2,368	2.0	656,418	2.6
Other, including all full-time students and all aged 66 years and over	177	3.3	4,830	4.1	1,031,975	4.2

Source: ONS - 2021 Census (TS003)⁵

T6. Household deprivation

	Frampton Cotterell	%	South Glos.	%	England & Wales	%
Total: All households	5,321	100.0	118,101	100.0	24,783,199	100.0
Household is not deprived in any dimension	2,953	55.5	63,701	53.9	11,968,324	48.3
Household is deprived in one dimension	1,734	32.6	38,638	32.7	8,292,747	33.5
Household is deprived in two dimensions	542	10.2	13,163	11.1	3,536,076	14.3
Household is deprived in three dimensions	87	1.6	2,454	2.1	928,687	3.7
Household is deprived in four dimensions	5	0.1	145	0.1	57,365	0.2

Source: ONS - 2021 Census (TS011)

Definition of household deprivation

Households in England and Wales were classified in terms of dimensions of deprivation, based on four selected characteristics:

Education: A household is classified as deprived in the education dimension if no one has at least level 2 education and no one aged 16 to 18 years is a full-time student.

Employment: A household is classified in the employment dimension if any member, not a full-time student, is either unemployed or economically inactive due to long-term sickness or disability.

Health: A household is classified as deprived in the health dimension if any person in the household has general health that is bad or very bad or is identified as disabled. People who have assessed their day-to-day activities as limited by long-term physical or mental health conditions or illnesses are considered disabled. This definition of a disabled person meets the harmonised standard for measuring disability and is in line with the Equality Act (2010).

Housing: A household is classified as deprived in the housing dimension if the household's accommodation is either overcrowded, in a shared dwelling, or has no central heating.

T7. Household size

	Frampton Cotterell	%	South Glos.	%	England & Wales	%
Total: All household spaces	5,321	100.0	118,101	100.0	24,783,199	100.0
1 person in household	1,130	21.2	30,747	26.0	7,481,788	30.2
2 people in household	2,146	40.3	42,563	36.0	8,451,403	34.1
3 people in household	862	16.2	19,821	16.8	3,955,168	16.0
4 people in household	865	16.3	17,980	15.2	3,182,251	12.8
5 people in household	239	4.5	5,059	4.3	1,112,752	4.5
6 people in household	59	1.1	1,360	1.2	373,957	1.5
7 people in household	14	0.3	382	0.3	130,727	0.5
8 or more people in household	6	0.1	189	0.2	95,153	0.4

Source: ONS - 2021 Census (TS017)⁶

T8. Living arrangements

	Frampton Cotterell	%	South Glos.	%	England & Wales	%
All usual residents aged 16 and over	10,853	100.0	231,986	100.0	47,559,763	100.0
Living in a couple	7,334	67.6	146,549	63.2	27,503,868	57.8
Not living in a couple	3,519	32.4	85,437	36.8	20,055,895	42.2

Source: ONS - 2021 Census (TS010)⁷

T9. Legal partnership status

	Frampton Cotterell	%	South Glos.	%	England & Wales	%
All usual residents aged 16 and over	10,926	100.0	237,366	100.0	48,566,373	100.0
Never married and never registered a civil partnership	2,976	27.2	85,114	35.9	18,401,778	37.9
Married or in a registered civil partnership	6,194	56.7	113,593	47.9	21,683,101	44.6
Separated, but still legally married or still legally in a civil partnership	169	1.5	4,362	1.8	1,085,987	2.2
Divorced or civil partnership dissolved	815	7.5	20,521	8.6	4,424,346	9.1
Widowed or surviving civil partnership partner	772	7.1	13,776	5.8	2,971,161	6.1

Source: ONS - 2021 Census (TS002)⁸

T10. Country of birth

	Frampton Cotterell	%	South Glos.	%	England & Wales	%
Total usual resident population	13,239	100.0	290,424	100.0	59,597,542	100.0
Europe	12,890	97.4	274,565	94.5	53,722,544	90.1
United Kingdom	12,550	94.8	259,756	89.4	49,579,570	83.2
EU countries	321	2.4	13,490	4.6	3,643,242	6.1
Europe: Non-EU countries	19	0.1	1,319	0.5	499,732	0.8
Africa	109	0.8	4,356	1.5	1,584,575	2.7
Middle East and Asia	127	1.0	8,488	2.9	3,311,030	5.6
The Americas and the Caribbean	69	0.5	2,365	0.8	785,754	1.3
Antarctica and Oceania (including Australasia) and Other	41	0.3	561	0.2	172,547	0.3
British Overseas	3	0.0	89	0.0	21,092	0.0

Source: ONS - 2021 Census (TS004)9

T11. Length of residence in the UK

	Frampton Cotterell	%	South Glos.	%	England & Wales	%
Total usual resident population	13,239	100. 0	290,424	100.0	59,597,542	100.0
Born in the UK	12,550	94.8	259,756	89.4	49,579,570	83.2
10 years or more	458	3.5	16,321	5.6	5,834,889	9.8
5 years or more, but less than 10 years	110	0.8	6,070	2.1	1,735,314	2.9
2 years or more, but less than 5 years	74	0.6	4,430	1.5	1,322,160	2.2
Less than 2 years	47	0.4	3,847	1.3	1,125,609	1.9

Source: ONS - 2021 Census (TS016)¹⁰

T12. Passports held

	Frampton Cotterell	%	South Glos.	%	England & Wales	%
Total usual resident population	13,238	100.0	290,426	100.0	59,597,538	100.0
Europe	11,626	87.8	248,432	85.5	49,745,555	83.5
Africa	17	0.1	1,368	0.5	378,306	0.6
Middle East and Asia	30	0.2	3,211	1.1	1,076,219	1.8
The Americas and the Caribbean	27	0.2	908	0.3	300,267	0.5
Antarctica and Oceania, including Australasia	6	0.0	193	0.1	76,872	0.1
British Overseas Territories	0	0.0	0	0.0	639	0.0
No passport held	1,532	11.6	36,314	12.5	8,019,680	13.5

Source: ONS - 2021 Census (TS005)11

T13. Ethnicity

Ethnic Group	Frampton Cotterell	%	South Glos.	%	England & Wales	%
Total usual resident population	13,238	100.0	290,424	100.0	59,597,542	100.0
Asian, Asian British or Asian Welsh - Total	121	0.9	11,094	3.8	5,515,420	9.3
Bangladeshi	0	0.0	581	0.2	644,881	1.1
Chinese	38	0.3	2,113	0.7	445,619	0.7
Indian	39	0.3	4,867	1.7	1,864,318	3.1
Pakistani	20	0.2	1,352	0.5	1,587,819	2.7
Other Asian	24	0.2	2,181	0.8	972,783	1.6
Black, Black British, Black Welsh, Caribbean or African - Total	72	0.5	4,534	1.6	2,409,278	4.0
African	41	0.3	2,787	1.0	1,488,381	2.5
Caribbean	26	0.2	1,219	0.4	623,119	1.0
Other Black	5	0.0	528	0.2	297,778	0.5
Mixed or Multiple ethnic groups - Total	200	1.5	7,289	2.5	1,717,976	2.9
White and Asian	56	0.4	1,953	0.7	488,225	0.8
White and Black African	26	0.2	905	0.3	249,596	0.4
White and Black Caribbean	74	0.6	2,711	0.9	513,042	0.9
Other Mixed or Multiple ethnic groups	44	0.3	1,720	0.6	467,113	0.8
White - Total	12,794	96.6	264,856	91.2	48,699,249	81.7
English, Welsh, Scottish, Northern Irish or British	12,414	93.8	249,160	85.8	44,355,038	74.4
Irish	65	0.5	1,327	0.5	507,465	0.9
Gypsy or Irish Traveller	39	0.3	443	0.2	67,768	0.1
Roma	5	0.0	373	0.1	100,981	0.2
Other White	271	2.0	13,553	4.7	3,667,997	6.2
Other ethnic group - Total	51	0.4	2,651	0.9	1,255,619	2.1
Arab	12	0.1	751	0.3	331,844	0.6
Any other ethnic group	39	0.3	1,900	0.7	923,775	1.6

Source: ONS - 2021 Census (TS021)¹²

T14. National identity

	Frampton Cotterell	%	South Glos.	%	England & Wales	%
Total usual resident population	13,238	100.0	290,422	100.0	59,597,541	100.0
British only identity	7,631	57.6	163,084	56.2	32,677,619	54.8
English only identity	2,380	18.0	47,155	16.2	8,898,728	14.9
English and British only identity	2,375	17.9	50,087	17.2	8,112,809	13.6
Welsh only identity	130	1.0	2,976	1.0	1,908,644	3.2
Welsh and British only identity	59	0.4	1,499	0.5	337,607	0.6
Any other combination of only UK identities	148	1.1	2,760	1.0	707,985	1.2
Non-UK identity only	370	2.8	18,220	6.3	5,761,564	9.7
UK identity and non-UK identity	145	1.1	4,641	1.6	1,192,585	2.0

Source: ONS - 2021 Census (TS027)¹³

T15. Religion

	Frampton Cotterell	%	South Glos.	%	England & Wales	%
Total usual resident population	13,238	100.0	290,425	100.0	59,597,540	100.0
No religion	5,616	42.4	133,749	46.1	22,162,062	37.2
Christian	6,650	50.2	128,014	44.1	27,522,672	46.2
Buddhist	30	0.2	1,056	0.4	272,508	0.5
Hindu	24	0.2	2,896	1.0	1,032,775	1.7
Jewish	8	0.1	173	0.1	271,327	0.5
Muslim	60	0.5	4,720	1.6	3,868,133	6.5
Sikh	10	0.1	1,006	0.3	524,140	0.9
Other religion	46	0.3	1,319	0.5	348,334	0.6
Not answered	794	6.0	17,492	6.0	3,595,589	6.0

Source: ONS - 2021 Census (TS030)14

T16. Household language

	Frampton Cotterell	%	South Glos.	%	England & Wales	%
Total: All households	5,322	100.0	118,101	100.0	24,783,199	100.0
All adults in household have English in England, or English or Welsh in Wales as a main language	5,187	97.5	110,714	93.7	22,215,902	89.6
At least one but not all adults in household have English in England, or English or Welsh in Wales as a main language	77	1.4	2,893	2.4	1,036,736	4.2
No adults in household, but at least one person aged 3 to 15 years, has English in England or English or Welsh in Wales as a main language	15	0.3	1,018	0.9	330,002	1.3
No people in household have English in England, or English or Welsh in Wales as a main language	43	0.8	3,476	2.9	1,200,559	4.8

Source: ONS - 2021 Census (TS025)¹⁵

3. Health, Disability and Unpaid Care

T17. General health

	Frampton Cotterell	%	South Glos.	%	England & Wales	%
Total usual resident population	13,236	100.0	290,424	100.0	59,597,542	100.0
Very good health	6,693	50.6	144,395	49.7	28,827,308	48.4
Good health	4,388	33.2	99,207	34.2	20,046,220	33.6
Fair health	1,623	12.3	34,595	11.9	7,597,001	12.7
Bad health	397	3.0	9,529	3.3	2,412,358	4.0
Very bad health	135	1.0	2,698	0.9	714,655	1.2

Source: ONS - 2021 Census (TS037)¹⁶

T18. Disability

	Frampton Cotterell	%	South Glos.	%	England & Wales	%
Total usual resident population	13,238	100.0	290,423	100.0	59,597,542	100.0
Total: Disabled under the Equality Act	2,142	16.2	47,429	16.3	10,444,776	17.5
Disabled under the Equality Act: Day- to-day activities limited a lot	846	6.4	18,212	6.3	4,459,763	7.5
Disabled under the Equality Act: Day- to-day activities limited a little	1,296	9.8	29,217	10.1	5,985,013	10.0
Total: Not disabled under the Equality Act	11,096	83.8	242,994	83.7	49,152,766	82.5
Not disabled under the Equality Act: Has long term physical or mental health condition but day-to-day activities are not limited	966	7.3	22,016	7.6	4,062,569	6.8
Not disabled under the Equality Act: No long-term physical or mental health conditions	10,130	76.5	220,978	76.1	45,090,197	75.7

Source: ONS - 2021 Census (TS038)¹⁷

T19. Provision of unpaid care by number of hours

	Frampton Cotterell	%	South Glos.	%	England & Wales	%
Total: All usual residents aged 5 and over	12,632	100.0	274,305	100.0	56,365,506	100.0
Provides no unpaid care	11,438	90.5	250,653	91.4	51,376,490	91.1
Provides 19 hours or less unpaid care a week	660	5.2	13,007	4.7	2,442,050	4.3
Provides 9 hours or less unpaid care a week	506	4.0	9,668	3.5	1,764,549	3.1
Provides 10 to 19 hours unpaid care a week	154	1.2	3,339	1.2	677,501	1.2
Provides 20 to 49 hours unpaid care a week	184	1.5	4,204	1.5	1,035,366	1.8
Provides 20 to 34 hours unpaid care a week	97	0.8	2,088	0.8	483,300	0.9
Provides 35 to 49 hours unpaid care a week	87	0.7	2,116	0.8	552,066	1.0
Provides 50 or more hours unpaid care a week	350	2.8	6,441	2.3	1,511,600	2.7

Source: ONS - 2021 Census (TS039)¹⁸

4. Labour market

T20. Employment history

	Frampton Cotterell	%	South Glos.	%	England & Wales	%
Total: All usual residents aged 16 years and over not in employment the week before the census	4,533	100.0	89,754	100.0	20,792,707	100.0
Not in employment: Worked in the last 12 months	483	10.7	12,945	14.4	2,729,755	13.1
Not in employment: Not worked in the last 12 months	3,308	73.0	60,322	67.2	12,762,983	61.4
Not in employment: Never worked	742	16.4	16,487	18.4	5,299,969	25.5

Source: ONS - 2021 Census (TS065)¹⁹

T21. Economic activity

Economic activity	Frampton Cotterell	%	South Glos.	%	England & Wales	%
Total: All usual residents aged 16 years and over	10,929	100.0	237,366	100.0	48,566,371	100.0
Economically active (excluding full-time students)	6,435	58.9	147,707	62.2	28,336,631	58.3
In employment	6,272	57.4	143,392	60.4	26,960,268	55.5
Unemployed	163	1.5	4,315	1.8	1,376,363	2.8
Economically active and a full-time student	166	1.5	5,759	2.4	1,112,219	2.3
In employment	121	1.1	4,220	1.8	813,397	1.7
Unemployed	45	0.4	1,539	0.6	298,822	0.6
Economically inactive	4,328	39.6	83,900	35.3	19,117,521	39.4
Retired	3,134	28.7	53,153	22.4	10,513,713	21.6
Student	353	3.2	11,240	4.7	2,740,634	5.6
Looking after home or family	346	3.2	7,439	3.1	2,317,340	4.8
Long-term sick or disabled	288	2.6	6,581	2.8	2,025,621	4.2
Other	207	1.9	5,487	2.3	1,520,213	3.1

Source: ONS - 2021 Census (TS066)²⁰

T22. Highest level of qualification

	Frampton Cotterell	%	South Glos.	%	England & Wales	%
Total: All usual residents aged 16 years and over	10,925	100.0	237,364	100.0	48,566,373	100.0
No qualifications	1,588	14.5	33,792	14.2	8,827,472	18.2
Level 1 and entry level qualifications	1,038	9.5	23,996	10.1	4,679,223	9.6
Level 2 qualifications	1,493	13.7	33,959	14.3	6,493,490	13.4
Apprenticeship	743	6.8	15,142	6.4	2,590,252	5.3
Level 3 qualifications	2,004	18.3	46,440	19.6	8,225,629	16.9
Level 4 qualifications or above	3,792	34.7	78,233	33.0	16,413,231	33.8
Other qualifications	267	2.4	5,802	2.4	1,337,076	2.8

Source: ONS - 2021 Census (TS067)

The highest level of qualification is derived from the question asking people to indicate all qualifications held, or their nearest equivalent. This may include foreign qualifications where they were matched to the closest UK equivalent. The types of qualification included in each level are:

 $\textbf{Level 1 and entry level qualifications: 1 to 4 GCSEs grade A* to C , Any GCSEs at other grades, O levels or CSEs (any grades), 1 AS level, NVQ level 1, Foundation GNVQ, Basic or Essential Skills;$

Level 2 qualifications: 5 or more GCSEs (A* to C or 9 to 4), O levels (passes), CSEs (grade 1), School Certification, 1 A level, 2 to 3 AS levels, VCEs, Intermediate or Higher Diploma, Welsh Baccalaureate Intermediate Diploma, NVQ level 2, Intermediate GNVQ, City and Guilds Craft, BTEC First or General Diploma, RSA Diploma;

Level 3 qualifications: 2 or more A levels or VCEs, 4 or more AS levels, Higher School Certificate, Progression or Advanced Diploma, Welsh Baccalaureate Advance Diploma, NVQ level 3; Advanced GNVQ, City and Guilds Advanced Craft, ONC, OND, BTEC National, RSA Advanced Diploma;

Level 4 qualifications or above: degree (BA, BSc), higher degree (MA, PhD, PGCE), NVQ level 4 to 5, HNC, HND, RSA Higher Diploma, BTEC Higher level, professional qualifications (for example, teaching, nursing, accountancy); Other qualifications: vocational or work-related qualifications, other qualifications achieved in England or Wales, qualifications achieved outside England or Wales (equivalent not stated or unknown). There are quality considerations about higher education qualifications, including those at Level 4+, responses from older people and international migrants, and comparability with 2011 Census data.

Note on the Covid-19 pandemic

Each census is a unique snapshot in time and this census was conducted in March 2021. At the time, England and Wales was in the middle of a period of lockdown due to the ongoing impact of the coronavirus pandemic. During this period, our working patterns were impacted due to the national lockdown whilst a significant proportion of the workforce were on furlough. Many people were also working from home for the first time as organisations responded to the latest government guidance. However, this was a period when the government advice was for people to stay at home and only attend work if there was no alternative. Many people were still on furlough and, whilst there was guidance on how to complete the questions, it is not clear whether people may have also answered based on a period before the pandemic.

Since the time the census data was collated, the workforce is still adjusting to new ways of working, hybrid working, and many people will also have changed jobs or left the workforce in this time.

T23. Hours worked

	Frampton Cotterell	%	South Glos.	%	England & Wales	%
Total: All usual residents aged 16 years and over in employment the week before the census	6,391	100.0	147,612	100.0	27,773,665	100.0
Part-time	2,058	32.2	43,784	29.7	8,281,004	29.8
15 hours or less worked	685	10.7	14,192	9.6	2,855,066	10.3
16 to 30 hours worked	1,373	21.5	29,592	20.0	5,425,938	19.5
Full-time	4,333	67.8	103,828	70.3	19,492,661	70.2
31 to 48 hours worked	3,686	57.7	90,398	61.2	16,427,651	59.1
49 or more hours worked	647	10.1	13,430	9.1	3,065,010	11.0

Source: ONS - 2021 Census (TS059)²¹

T24. Occupation

	Frampton Cotterell	%	South Glos.	%	England & Wales	%
Total: All usual residents aged 16 years and over in employment the week before the census	6,391	100.0	147,612	100.0	27,773,667	100.0
Managers, directors and senior officials	1,076	16.8	17,918	12.1	3,547,854	12.8
2. Professional occupations	1,443	22.6	31,300	21.2	5,606,115	20.2
Associate professional and technical occupations	862	13.5	19,437	13.2	3,661,022	13.2
Administrative and secretarial occupations	761	11.9	17,372	11.8	2,574,681	9.3
5. Skilled trades occupations	673	10.5	16,114	10.9	2,849,754	10.3
Caring, leisure and other service occupations	459	7.2	12,405	8.4	2,600,177	9.4
7. Sales and customer service occupations	385	6.0	10,669	7.2	2,087,112	7.5
8. Process, plant and machine operatives	318	5.0	8,855	6.0	1,940,141	7.0
9. Elementary occupations	414	6.5	13,542	9.2	2,906,811	10.5

Source: ONS - 2021 Census (TS063)²²

T25. Industry

	Frampton Cotterell	%	South Glos.	%	England & Wales	%
Total: All usual residents aged 16 years and over in employment the week before the census	6,391	100.0	147,615	100.0	27,773,661	100.0
A: Agriculture, Forestry and fishing	69	1.1	782	0.5	237,049	0.9
B: Mining and quarrying	13	0.2	191	0.1	42,699	0.2
C: Manufacturing	446	7.0	10,680	7.2	2,040,203	7.3
D: Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	38	0.6	996	0.7	161,604	0.6
E: Water supply; Sewerage, Waste management and Remediation activities	49	0.8	1,179	0.8	203,710	0.7
F: Construction	708	11.1	14,447	9.8	2,406,228	8.7
G: Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles	816	12.8	22,013	14.9	4,156,299	15.0
H: Transport and storage	284	4.4	7,297	4.9	1,381,362	5.0
I: Accommodation and food service activities	220	3.4	5,463	3.7	1,362,991	4.9
J: Information and communication	332	5.2	7,264	4.9	1,283,997	4.6
K: Financial and insurance activities	349	5.5	7,394	5.0	1,046,740	3.8
L: Real estate activities	116	1.8	2,093	1.4	430,490	1.5
M: Professional, scientific and technical activities	469	7.3	9,239	6.3	1,828,909	6.6
N: Administrative and support service activities	311	4.9	7,287	4.9	1,457,167	5.2
O: Public administration and defence; compulsory social security	539	8.4	11,824	8.0	1,646,592	5.9
P: Education	599	9.4	13,387	9.1	2,732,876	9.8
Q: Human health and social work activities	770	12.0	20,512	13.9	4,089,373	14.7
R, S, T, U Other	263	4.1	5,567	3.8	1,265,372	4.6

Source: ONS - 2021 Census (TS060)²³

T26. Method used to travel to work

	Frampton Cotterell	%	South Glos.	%	England & Wales	%
Total: All usual residents aged 16 years and over in employment the week before the census	6,392	100.0	147,610	100.0	27,773,666	100.0
Work mainly at or from home	2,582	40.4	52,349	35.5	8,671,722	31.2
Underground, metro, light rail, tram	0	0.0	40	0.0	505,311	1.8
Train	14	0.2	438	0.3	529,461	1.9
Bus, minibus or coach	100	1.6	4,442	3.0	1,160,990	4.2
Taxi	8	0.1	276	0.2	200,490	0.7
Motorcycle, scooter or moped	36	0.6	968	0.7	128,849	0.5
Driving a car or van	3,140	49.1	71,696	48.6	12,524,571	45.1
Passenger in a car or van	172	2.7	4,890	3.3	1,083,447	3.9
Bicycle	109	1.7	3,060	2.1	569,295	2.0
On foot	192	3.0	8,371	5.7	2,113,657	7.6
Other method of travel to work	39	0.6	1,080	0.7	285,873	1.0

Source: ONS - 2021 Census (TS061)²⁴

T27. National Statistic Social Economic Classification (NS-SeC)

	Frampton Cotterell	%	South Glos.	%	England & Wales	%
Total: All usual residents aged 16 years and over	10,925	100.0	237,366	100.0	48,566,373	100.0
L1, L2 and L3 Higher managerial, administrative and professional occupations	1,936	17.7	35,126	14.8	6,353,898	13.1
L4, L5 and L6 Lower managerial, administrative and professional occupations	2,545	23.3	51,723	21.8	9,669,812	19.9
L7 Intermediate occupations	1,509	13.8	32,883	13.9	5,551,417	11.4
L8 and L9 Small employers and own account workers	1,328	12.2	23,026	9.7	5,131,554	10.6
L10 and L11 Lower supervisory and technical occupations	552	5.1	13,120	5.5	2,620,604	5.4
L12 Semi-routine occupations	1,024	9.4	26,470	11.2	5,518,715	11.4
L13 Routine occupations	982	9.0	26,622	11.2	5,859,961	12.1
L14.1 and L14.2 Never worked and long- term unemployed	546	5.0	11,843	5.0	4,133,958	8.5
L15 Full-time students	503	4.6	16,553	7.0	3,726,454	7.7

Source: ONS - 2021 Census (TS062)²⁵

6. Housing

T28. Accommodation type

	Frampton Cotterell	%	South Glos.	%	England & Wales	%
Total: All households	5,321	100.0	118,101	100.0	24,783,200	100.0
Detached	2,340	44.0	31,401	26.6	5,753,255	23.2
Semi-detached	2,162	40.6	40,784	34.5	7,810,175	31.5
Terraced	537	10.1	30,133	25.5	5,739,467	23.2
In a purpose-built block of flats or tenement	110	2.1	12,339	10.4	4,126,433	16.7
Part of a converted or shared house, including bedsits	31	0.6	1,515	1.3	845,606	3.4
Part of another converted building, for example, former school, church or warehouse	12	0.2	472	0.4	195,546	0.8
In a commercial building, for example, in an office building, hotel or over a shop	23	0.4	672	0.6	208,456	0.8
A caravan or other mobile or temporary structure	106	2.0	785	0.7	104,262	0.4

Source: ONS - 2021 Census (TS044)

T29. Tenure of household

	Frampton Cotterell	%	South Glos.	%	England & Wales	%
Total: All households	5,321	100.0	118,101	100.0	24,783,199	100.0
Owned	4,368	82.1	85,492	72.4	15,258,981	61.6
Owns outright	2,454	46.1	43,220	36.6	8,136,782	32.8
Owns with a mortgage or loan	1,914	36.0	42,272	35.8	7,122,199	28.7
Shared ownership	50	0.9	1,231	1.0	240,234	1.0
Social rented	443	8.3	12,738	10.8	4,227,756	17.1
Rents from council or Local Authority	77	1.4	2,122	1.8	2,061,789	8.3
Social rented: Other social rented	366	6.9	10,616	9.0	2,165,967	8.7
Private rented	457	8.6	18,588	15.7	5,023,531	20.3
Private landlord or letting agency	364	6.8	16,441	13.9	4,468,534	18.0
Other private rented	93	1.7	2,147	1.8	554,997	2.2
Lives rent free	3	0.1	52	0.0	32,697	0.1

Source: ONS - 2021 Census (TS054)²⁶

T30. Number of bedrooms

	Frampton Cotterell	%	South Glos.	%	England & Wales	%
Total: All households	5,321	100.0	118,101	100.0	24,783,199	100.0
1 bedroom	204	3.8	9,363	7.9	2,826,033	11.4
2 bedrooms	826	15.5	25,231	21.4	6,715,736	27.1
3 bedrooms	2,173	40.8	52,165	44.2	10,019,713	40.4
4 or more bedrooms	2,118	39.8	31,342	26.5	5,221,717	21.1

Source: ONS - 2021 Census (TS050)

T31. Number of rooms (VOA)

	Frampton Cotterell	%	South Glos.	%	England & Wales	%
Total: All households	5,321	100.0	118,101	100.0	24,783,197	100.0
1 room	7	0.1	442	0.4	260,360	1.1
2 rooms	191	3.6	8,421	7.1	2,435,589	9.8
3 rooms	698	13.1	21,593	18.3	5,716,952	23.1
4 rooms	1,207	22.7	30,096	25.5	6,897,000	27.8
5 rooms	1,721	32.3	36,962	31.3	5,742,998	23.2
6 rooms	869	16.3	13,454	11.4	2,165,070	8.7
7 rooms	422	7.9	5,023	4.3	920,198	3.7
8 rooms	136	2.6	1,374	1.2	367,001	1.5
9 or more rooms	70	1.3	736	0.6	278,029	1.1

Source: ONS - 2021 Census (TS051)

Note: In a change from previous censuses, Census21 used Valuation Office Agency (VOA) data to count the number of rooms in a dwelling. All rooms in a dwelling apart from bathrooms, toilets, halls or landings, kitchens, conservatories or utility rooms are counted. If two rooms have been converted into one, they are counted as one room. For households living in a shared dwelling, the number of rooms are counted for the whole dwelling and not the individual household. More information on data collection and methodology can be found on the <u>ONS website</u>.

T32. Occupancy rating for bedrooms

	Frampton Cotterell	%	South Glos.	%	England & Wales	%
Total: All households	5,321	100.0	118,101	100.0	24,783,199	100.0
Occupancy rating of bedrooms: +2 or more	2,993	56.2	51,532	43.6	8,902,471	35.9
Occupancy rating of bedrooms: +1	1,550	29.1	38,504	32.6	8,258,721	33.3
Occupancy rating of bedrooms: 0	702	13.2	25,456	21.6	6,567,584	26.5
Occupancy rating of bedrooms: -1	65	1.2	2,327	2.0	880,672	3.6
Occupancy rating of bedrooms: -2 or less	11	0.2	282	0.2	173,751	0.7

Source: ONS - 2021 Census (TS052)

Note: Occupancy rating provides a measure of whether a household's accommodation is overcrowded or under-occupied. An occupancy rating of negative 1 or less implies that a household has fewer bedrooms than the standard requirement, positive 1 implies that they have more bedrooms than required, and 0 implies that they met the standard required.

T33. Central heating

	Frampton Cotterell	%	South Glos.	%	England & Wales	%
Total: All households	5,318	100.0	118,101	100.0	24,783,199	100.0
No central heating	49	0.9	1,081	0.9	367,132	1.5
Mains gas only	3,391	63.8	91,075	77.1	18,298,725	73.8
Tank or bottled gas only	230	4.3	1,257	1.1	260,102	1.0
Electric only	235	4.4	8,640	7.3	2,113,111	8.5
Oil only	729	13.7	4,652	3.9	865,940	3.5
Wood only	17	0.3	147	0.1	35,723	0.1
Solid fuel only	20	0.4	163	0.1	49,459	0.2
Renewable energy only	70	1.3	487	0.4	98,732	0.4
District or communal heat networks only	0	0.0	442	0.4	220,917	0.9
Other central heating only	19	0.4	507	0.4	225,381	0.9
Two or more types of central heating (not including renewable energy)	499	9.4	8,960	7.6	2,113,325	8.5
Two or more types of central heating (including renewable energy)	59	1.1	690	0.6	134,652	0.5

Source: ONS - 2021 Census (TS046)²⁷

T34. Car or van availability

	Frampton Cotterell	%	South Glos.	%	England & Wales	%
Total: All households	5,320	100.0	118,101	100.0	24,783,199	100.0
No cars or vans in household	373	7.0	14,585	12.3	5,777,957	23.3
1 car or van in household	1,775	33.4	47,411	40.1	10,236,898	41.3
2 cars or vans in household	2,094	39.4	40,325	34.1	6,485,738	26.2
3 or more cars or vans in household	1,078	20.3	15,780	13.4	2,282,606	9.2

Source: ONS - 2021 Census (TS045)²⁸

7. Armed forces

T35. Previously served in the armed forces

	Frampton Cotterell	%	South Glos.	%	England & Wales	%
Total: All usual residents aged 16 and over	10,925	100.0	237,366	100.0	48,566,373	100.0
Previously served in UK regular armed forces	380	3.5	6,970	2.9	1,413,296	2.9
Previously served in UK reserve armed forces	98	0.9	2,124	0.9	360,770	0.7
Previously served in both regular and reserve UK armed forces	17	0.2	404	0.2	79,046	0.2
Has not previously served in any UK armed forces	10,430	95.5	227,868	96.0	46,713,261	96.2

Source: ONS - 2021 Census (TS071)²⁹

T36. Number of people in the household who have previously served in UK armed forces

	Frampton Cotterell	%	South Glos.	%	England & Wales	%
Total: All households	5,320	100.0	118,101	100.0	24,783,199	100.0
No people in the household previously served in UK armed forces	4,858	91.3	109,218	92.5	23,038,121	93.0
1 person in the household previously served in UK armed forces	439	8.3	8,534	7.2	1,675,603	6.8
2 people in the household previously served in UK armed forces	23	0.4	341	0.3	67,714	0.3
3 or more people in the household previously served in UK armed forces	0	0.0	8	0.0	1,761	0.0

Source: ONS - 2021 Census (TS072)

Frampton Cotterell geography

Frampton Cotterell is located centrally in the region and is surrounded by a number of wards that are shown in the map below.

Churchend Alderley Thornbury Charfield Thornbury Milbu Littleton-upon-Severn Hillesley Heath Er Elberton Wickwai Alveston Orange Ings End Olveston Chipping Sodbury & Cotswold Edge tchington Up Severn Vale Rangeworthy Earthcott Woodhouse Horton Almondsbur Frampton Cotterell Comm Little Yate North Sodbury Bradley Stol ing & Severn Beach atchway North Yate Yate Central Dodington Old Sodbury Charlton & Cribbs Stoke Gifford Dodington Filton Wapley Whiteshill Tormarton Frenchay & Stoke Park & SGC Unitary Boundary Contains OS data © Crown copyright and database right 2023, Source: Office for National Statistics licensed under the Open Government Licence v 3.0

Map showing the location of Frampton Cotterell and surrounding wards

To produce ward data, ONS use best-fit estimates based on combining the data from Output Areas. Best-fitting is the method used to produce estimates for any output geography using Output Areas (OA) as building blocks. These are the lowest level of geographical area for census statistics comprising a usually resident population between 100 and 625 persons and 40 to 250 households.

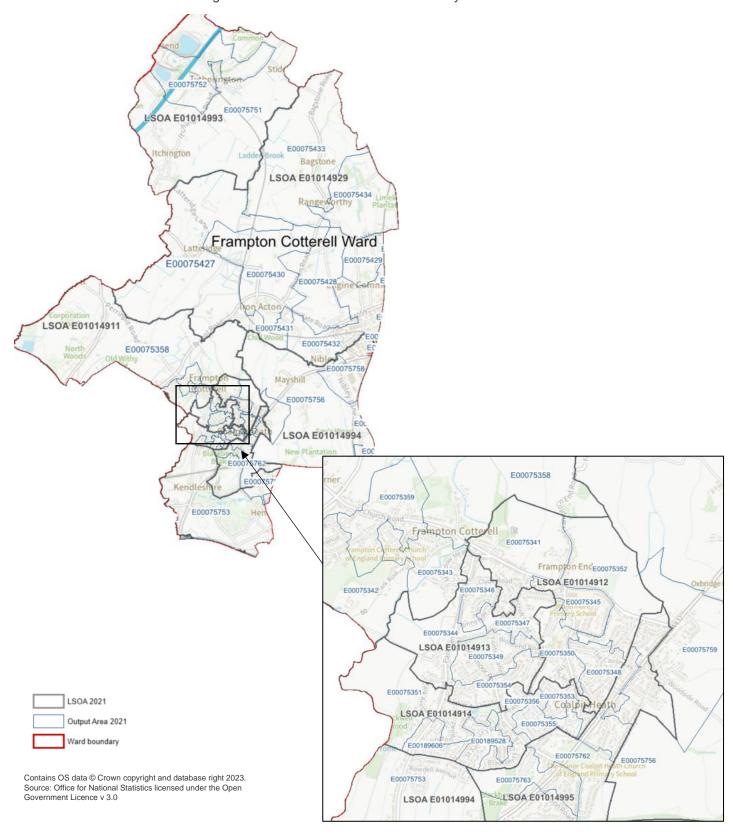
Ward data is determined by the aggregation of data for each Output Area (the smallest geography) using the best-fit methodology. Each OA has a <u>population weighted centroid</u> which is a single summary point that reflects the spatial distribution of the Census 2021 population. The OA is allocated to the ward in which the population weighted centroid is located. The list of Output Areas below, are the ones used to calculate the ward data. Due to statistical disclosure control, aggregating the totals below may result in a small difference in ward totals that may be published elsewhere.

Where we want to understand a smaller or bespoke population area, OAs and Lower layer Super Output Areas (LSOAs) are used. LSOAs are made up of groups of OAs, usually four or five and comprise between 400 and 1,200 households. They usually have a resident population between 1,000 and 3,000 persons. LSOAs are not related to ward boundaries, but as OAs are the building blocks for these larger geographies, it is useful to know their location and individual populations as they are used in other data sets (e.g. Indices of Deprivation).

The map below shows the Output Areas that are within the ward boundary and have been used for calculating the ward tables. The individual population and household data is also included for each OA along with the LSOA in which it sits.

Output Areas and LSOAs in Frampton Cotterell

This map shows Output Areas (OA21) within the ward. Larger LSOA boundaries, which are built from Output Areas, are also shown. LSOAs on the edge of the ward will sit across the boundary.



OA21 Population and households in Frampton Cotterell (continued on following page)

Output Area (OA21)	Lower layer Super Output Area in which OA21 is located (LSOA21)	OA21 Population: All usual residents	Lives in a household	Lives in a communal establishment
E00075341	E01014912	343	343	0
E00075342	E01014911	310	310	0
E00075343	E01014911	390	374	16
E00075344	E01014913	322	322	0
E00075345	E01014912	307	303	4
E00075346	E01014913	327	327	0
E00075347	E01014913	321	321	0
E00075348	E01014912	397	397	0
E00075349	E01014913	384	384	0
E00075350	E01014912	416	416	0
E00075351	E01014914	585	585	0
E00075352	E01014912	364	364	0
E00075353	E01014914	334	334	0
E00075354	E01014913	312	312	0
E00075355	E01014914	291	291	0
E00075356	E01014914	340	340	0
E00075358	E01014911	479	474	5
E00075359	E01014911	307	307	0
E00075427	E01014929	134	134	0
E00075428	E01014929	159	159	0
E00075429	E01014929	257	257	0
E00075430	E01014929	321	321	0
E00075431	E01014929	224	224	0
E00075432	E01014929	408	396	12
E00075433	E01014929	404	404	0
E00075434	E01014929	356	356	0
E00075751	E01014993	486	486	0
E00075752	E01014993	321	321	0
E00075753	E01014994	507	471	36
E00075755	E01014994	186	186	0
E00075756	E01014994	236	236	0
E00075758	E01014994	147	147	0
E00075759	E01014994	305	305	0
E00075760	E01014995	426	426	0
E00075761	E01014995	335	335	0
E00075762	E01014995	299	299	0

E00075763	E01014995	293	293	0
E00075764	E01014995	274	274	0
E00189528	E01014914	279	279	0
E00189606	E01014914	353	353	0

Source: ONS Census21, Table TS001

Index of tables

1.		
	Sex	
	Age	
	Residence type	
	Number of households	
T5. I	Household composition	3
	Household deprivation	
	Household size	
	Living arrangements	
	Legal partnership status	
I 10.	. Country of birth	5
	Length of residence in the UK	
112.	. Passports held	5
2.	ETHNICITY, IDENTITY, LANGUAGE AND RELIGION	6
T13.	. Ethnicity	6
	. National identity	
	. Religion	
T16.	. Household language	7
3.	HEALTH, DISABILITY AND UNPAID CARE	7
	General health	
	. Disability	
	Provision of unpaid care by number of hours	
	LABOUR MARKET	
	. Employment history	
	. Economic activity	
T22.	. Highest level of qualification	9
5.	WORK AND TRAVEL	. 10
	. Hours worked	
	. Occupation	
	. Industry	
T26.	. Method used to travel to work	. 11
T27.	. National Statistic Social Economic Classification (NS-SeC)	. 12
6.	HOUSING	. 12
_	. Accommodation type	
T29.	. Tenure of household	. 13
	. Number of bedrooms	
	. Number of rooms (VOA)	
	Occupancy rating for bedrooms	
	. Central heating	
	. Car or van availability	
7.	ARMED FORCES	15
	Previously served in the armed forces	
	. Number of people in the household who have previously served in UK armed forces	

Notes

Protecting personal data

Sometimes ONS make changes to data where it is possible to identify individuals. This is called statistical disclosure control (SDC). For Census 2021 this involved:

- Targeted record swapping. If a household was likely to be identified in datasets, this record would be swapped
 with a similar one from a nearby small area. A very unusual household could be swapped with one in a nearby
 local authority.
- Adding small changes to some counts (cell perturbation). This could change a count of four to a three or a five
 and make a small difference between tables depending now those data is broken down. This will also affect
 some table totals.

Individual table notes

¹ This is the sex recorded by the person completing the census. The options were "Female" and "Male". Note that in the census tables, a usual resident of the UK is anyone who, on 21 March 2021, is in the UK and has stayed, or intends to stay, in the UK for 12 months or more or has a permanent UK address and is outside the UK and intends to be outside the UK for less than 12 months. The only exception is members of the armed forces on deployment on operations, who remain usual residents of the UK regardless of length of deployment. This is the same definition as used in the mid-year population estimates and allows for comparability with population estimates from other countries.

² A person's age on Census Day, 21 March 2021 in England and Wales. Estimates for single year of age between ages 90 and 100+ are less reliable than other ages. Estimation and adjustment at these ages was based on the age range 90+ rather than five-year age bands.

³ People who completed the normal household questionnaire were recorded as living in a household. Those who completed an individual questionnaire were asked if they lived in a household or a communal establishment.

⁴This is the total figure for number of households. Other tables may have a slight variation in figures, including the total, due to statistical disclosure control – see note above.

⁵ Figure is for households. Total may vary from total household table (TS041) due to statistical disclosure control. One-family households are classified by: i) the number of dependent children ii) family type (married, civil partnership or cohabiting couple family, or lone parent family). Other households are classified by:i) the number of people ii) the number of dependent children iii) whether the household consists only of students or only of people aged 66 and over. Data about household relationships might not always look consistent with legal partnership status. This is because of complexity of living arrangements and the way people interpreted these questions. Take care when using these two variables together.

⁶ Visitors staying at an address do not count to that household's size.

⁷ The living arrangements classification combines responses to the question on marital and civil partnership status with information about whether or not a person is living in a couple. This topic is only applicable to people in households. Living arrangements differs from marital and civil partnership status because cohabiting takes priority over other categories. For example, if a person is divorced and cohabiting, then in results for living arrangements they are classified as cohabiting.

⁸ Classifies a person according to their legal marital or registered civil partnership status on Census Day 21 March 2021. It is the same as the 2011 census variable "Marital status" but has been updated for Census 2021 to reflect the revised Civil Partnership Act that came into force in 2019. In Census 2021 results, "single" refers only to someone who has never been married or in a registered civil partnership.

⁹ The country in which a person was born. For people not born in one of in the four parts of the UK, there was an option to select "elsewhere". People who selected "elsewhere" were asked to write in the current name for their country of birth.

¹⁰ The length of residence in the UK is derived from the date that a person most recently arrived to live in the UK. It does not include returning from a holiday or short stay outside the UK. Length of residence is only applicable to usual residents who were not born in the UK. It does not include usual residents born in the UK who have emigrated and since returned - these are recorded in the category "born in the UK"

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11 All passports classifies a person according to the passport or passports they held at the time of the census. This included expired passports or travel documents people were entitled to renew. Where a person recorded having more than one passport, they were counted only once, categorised in the following priority order: 1. UK passport, 2. Irish passport, 3. Other passport. Only the first country written in "Other passport" was taken.

¹² The ethnic group that the person completing the census feels they belong to. This could be based on their culture, family background, identity or physical appearance. The question about the ethnic group people feel they belong to is self-identified and is subjectively meaningful to the person answering the question. This means that how a person chooses to identify can change over time. Respondents could choose one out of 19 tick-box response categories, including write-in response options. A new Roma category next to the Gypsy or Irish Traveller tick box within the White category was added for Census 2021. A write-in option for those selecting African within the Black, Caribbean or Black British category was also added so a more specific ethnic background could be recorded.

¹³ Someone's national identity is a self-determined assessment of their own identity, it could be the country or countries where they feel they belong or think of as home. It is not dependent on ethnic group or citizenship. Respondents could select more than one national identity.

¹⁴ The religion people connect or identify with (their religious affiliation), whether or not they practice or have belief in it. This question was voluntary and includes people who identified with one of 8 tick-box response options, including 'No religion', alongside those who chose not to answer this question.

¹⁵Classifies households by the combination of adults and children (aged 3 to 15 years) within a household that have English (English or Welsh in Wales) as their main language..

¹⁶ A person's assessment of the general state of their health from very good to very bad. This assessment is not based on a person's health over any specified period of time.

¹⁷ People who assessed their day-to-day activities as limited by long-term physical or mental health conditions or illnesses are considered disabled. This definition of a disabled person meets the harmonised standard for measuring disability and is in line with the Equality Act (2010).

- ¹⁸ An unpaid carer may look after, give help or support to anyone who has long-term physical or mental ill-health conditions, illness or problems related to old age. This does not include any activities as part of paid employment. This help can be within or outside of the carer's household.
 ¹⁹ Census 2021 took place during the coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic. The national lockdown, associated guidance and furlough measures will have affected the labour market topic. Care should be taken when using this data for planning and policy purposes.
- ²⁰ People aged 16 years and over are economically active if, between 15 March and 21 March 2021, they were: i) in employment (an employee or self-employed) ii) unemployed, but looking for work and could start within two weeks
- iii) unemployed, but waiting to start a job that had been offered and accepted. It is a measure of whether or not a person was an active participant in the labour market during this period. Economically inactive are those aged 16 years and over who did not have a job between 15 March to 21 March 2021 and had not looked for work between 22 February to 21 March 2021 or could not start work within two weeks. The census definition differs from International Labour Organization definition used on the Labour Force Survey, so estimates are not directly comparable. An employee is a person aged 16 years and over in employment doing paid work for an individual or organisation. This relates to people's main jobs or, if not working at the time of the census, their last main jobs. Self-employed is defined as people aged 16 years and over who own and operate their own business, professional practice or similar enterprise, including those operated with a partner. This relates to people's main jobs or, if not working at the time of the census, their last main jobs. This can include people who work freelance, which means someone who is self-employed and works (or worked) for different companies on particular pieces of work. Self-employed people who are not freelance can have employees who work for them.

 21 The number of hours worked per week before the census includes paid and unpaid overtime. This covers the main job of anyone aged 16 years and over.
- ²² Classifies what people aged 16 years and over do as their main job. Their job title or details of activities they do in their job and any supervisory or management responsibilities form this classification. This information is used to code responses to an occupation using the Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) 2020.It classifies people who were in employment between 15 March and 21 March 2021, by the SOC code that represents their current occupation.
- ²³ Classifies people aged 16 years and over who were in employment between 15 March and 21 March 2021 by the Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) code that represents their current industry or business. The SIC code is assigned based on the information provided about a firm or organisation's main activity.
- ²⁴ It is difficult to compare this variable with the 2011 Census because Census 2021 took place during a national lockdown. The government advice at the time was for people to work from home (if they can) and avoid public transport. People who were furloughed (about 5.6 million) were advised to answer the transport to work question based on their previous travel patterns before or during the pandemic. This means that the data does not accurately represent what they were doing on Census Day. This variable cannot be directly compared with the 2011 Census Travel to Work data as it does not include people who were travelling to work on that day. It may however, be partially compared with bespoke tables from 2011.
 ²⁵ The National Statistics Socio-economic Classification (NS-SEC) indicates a person's socio-economic position based on their occupation and other job characteristics. It is an Office for National Statistics standard classification. NS-SEC categories are assigned based on a person's occupation, whether employed, self-employed, or supervising other employees. Full-time students are recorded in the "full-time students" category regardless of whether they are economically active. This table is not comparable with the 2011 Census because the classifications in the occupation variable have changed.
- ²⁶ Owner-occupied accommodation can be: owned outright, which is where the household owns all of the accommodation with a mortgage or loan part-owned on a shared ownership scheme. Rented accommodation can be:
- private rented (for example, rented through a private landlord or letting agent social rented through a local council or housing association. This information is not available for household spaces with no usual residents.
- ²⁷ For Census 2021, "Renewable energy (for example solar thermal or heat)" and "District or communal heath network" were added as categories. Gas was also split into "Mains gas" and "Tank or bottled gas". The category "Wood (for example, logs, waste wood or pallets)" was separated from "Solid fuels".
- ²⁸ Vehicles included: pick-ups, camper vans and motor homes; vehicles that are temporarily not working; vehicles that have failed their MOT; vehicles owned or used by a lodger; company cars or vans if they're available for private use. Vehicles not included: motorbikes, trikes, quad bikes or mobility scooters; vehicles that have a Statutory Off Road Notification (SORN); vehicles owned or used only by a visitor; vehicles that are kept at another address or not easily accessed. The number of cars or vans in an area relates only to households. Cars or vans used by communal establishment residents are not counted. Households with 10 to 20 cars or vans are counted as having only 10. Households with more than 20 cars or vans were treated as invalid and a value imputed.
- ²⁹ This was a new question for Census 21 so there is no comparability with previous censuses. Identifies people who have previously served in the UK armed forces. This includes those who have served for at least one day in armed forces, either regular or reserves, or Merchant Mariners who have seen duty on legally defined military operations.

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